

Audit Committee Meeting

13 December 2024

Attachments





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strength in numbers

25 November 2024

Councillors Shire of Murchison Via Email

Dear Councillors,

30 June 2024 Audit

We are pleased to present you with our report on the audit of Shire of Murchison ('the Shire') for the year ended 30 June 2024. We are responsible for communicating significant matters related to the audit that are, in our professional judgement, relevant to the responsibilities in overseeing the financial reporting process. This report includes an analysis of the audit outcomes, key audit risk areas, our conclusion, and other recommendations for your attention. We welcome any comments you may have or any additional areas in which you seek comfort or assurance from the audit process.

Yours Sincerely,

MARCIA JOHNSON CA

Director

Armada Audit & Assurance Pty Ltd





SHIRE OF MURCHISON Audit Completion Summary 30 June 2024

Audit Risk Rating

Significant

A judgmental assessment of inherent risk as significant relates to those risks which require special audit consideration (in terms of the nature, timing or extent of testing) because of the nature of the risk, the likely magnitude of the potential misstatements (including the possibility that the risk may give rise to multiple misstatements) and the likelihood of the risk occurring.

High

A judgmental assessment of inherent risk as high relates to a risk that requires additional audit consideration beyond what would be required for a normal risk, but which does not rise to the level of a significant risk.

Normal

A judgmental assessment of inherent risk as normal is related to relatively routine, non-complex transactions that tend to be subject to systematic processing and require little management judgement. Although it is considered that there is a risk of material misstatement, there are no elevated or special factors related to the nature, the likely magnitude of the potential misstatements or the likelihood of the risk occurring. We do not, as a matter of course, discuss normal risks with those charged with governance unless we seek their confirmation on the judgment that has been applied.



5.1.1 - December 2024

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	Any expected modifications to the audit report
N	

Reference: No modifications are expected to our audit report. Refer to section 1 of our report

Were significant audit adjustments required

No - refer to section 2 of our report

Are unadjusted differences considered immaterial

There were no unadjusted audit differences. Refer to section 2.

Account balances and transactions audited in accordance with our strategy

Yes - Refer to section 4 of our report

Audit risks and exposures appropriately addressed

Yes - Refer to section 4 of our report

Any significant audit risks requiring comment from Council

Reference: None noted

Any instances of fraud or error relating to operation noted

Reference: None noted refer to section 7 of our report

Any significant or moderate priority internal control deficiencies identified

Reference: Refer to section 6 of our report.

Any material uncertainties, conditions or events identified affecting going concern noted

Reference: None noted refer to section 7 of our report.

Any instance of non-compliance with laws and regulations

Reference: None noted refer to section 7 of our report

Outstanding Matters at the date of this report

Reference - Refer to section 1 of this report

Sufficient level of preparedness for audit

Management of the Shire provided the financial statements for audit on 30 September 2024. This was certified by the Chief Executive Officer – William James Boehm. The financial statements were of good quality, with only 3 versions required to finalise.

All information required supplied in a timely manner

Most of the information was provided with in the required timeframe



1. CONCLUSION

We have substantially completed our audit of the year ended 30 June 2024 financial statements of the Shire of Murchison.

At the conclusion of the audit we are expected recommend to the Office of the Auditor General to issue an unmodified opinion.

Outstanding matters at the date of this report include:

- Receipt of signed management representation letter and
- Signed financial statements

2. ADJUSTMENTS

Unadjusted misstatements

There are no uncorrected misstatements in the financial report.

Adjusted misstatements

During the course of the audit the following adjustments were corrected:

Account	Original balance	Actual balance	Variance	Adjusted (Y/N)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	\$7,907,925	\$7,864,111	\$43,814	Y
Other assets	\$164,303	\$120,489	(\$43,814)	Y
Reserve accounts	\$9,675,984	\$8,229,297	\$1,446,687	Y
Retained surplus	\$27,288,817	\$28,735,504	(\$1,446,687)	Υ

3. MATERIALITY

Misstatements, including omissions, are considered to be material if they, individually or in aggregate, could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users of the financial report. The determination of materiality is a matter of professional judgement and is affected by our perception of the financial information needs of users of the financial report. Having considered the nature of the entity, the industry and economic environment in which the entity operates and the relative volatility of alternative benchmarks, we have determined overall planning materiality based on the Shire's total expenditure for the year.

The overall materiality was not required to be reassessed during the audit. Management will represent to us in writing that all uncorrected misstatements that they are aware of have been brought to our attention.



4. AUDIT RISK AREA

The area below are audit risk areas that we identified based on our understanding of your business, discussions with management as well as any additional risks that arose during the audit. This is not a complete list of all audit risks considered or all audit procedures performed.



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Rating	Details of Risk / Issue	Audit Approach	Result
	Audit findings reported in the previous audit consisted of significant, moderate, and minor rated issues relating to financial control and information technology control weakness	We followed-up on the issues reported to determine whether the matters have been resolved and if not, the matters would be rereported.	We identified 3 issues from prior year which were not resolved, and these have been included in the current year report.
	Rate payer dispute - rates issued on land with Miscellaneous Licences	Management recognised \$1,520,000 as Rates revenue that included 5 years back rates. We followed up with management regarding the status of the disputed rates, reviewed legal advice and the SAT decision.	Management accepted the SAT decision, issued withdrawal notices to the rate payers, derecognised the revenue and refunded the rate payers. We concur with management's assessment and checked that the financial statements and accounting records accurately reflected management's decision.
	Information Technology Risk	We assessed whether the Shire has adequate IT controls in place to ensure that the integrity of data is protected and that access to financial areas are restricted to ensure adequate segregation of duties and follow up on control weaknesses previously reported.	Based on our review the Shire has adequate IT controls in place to ensure that the integrity of data is protected and that access to financial areas are restricted to ensure adequate segregation of duties.



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Details of Risk / Issue Audit Approach			Result
We have identified the following areas that we consider require additional focus: + Related party disclosures + Revenue recognition + Unauthorised expenditure + Unrecorded liabilities and expenses + Contingent liabilities + Joint arrangements		We have reviewed the accounting treatment and disclosure processes during our audit. We have checked the disclosures in the annual financial report and can confirm that they are appropriate and complies with the requirements of the applicable Australian Accounting Standards.	We have performed our audit procedures on the relevant risk areas identified and concur with management's assessment of the accounting standards and the related disclosures in the financial statements.
	The following annual financial report items are derived from accounting estimates and hence will receive specific audit attention: + Provision for annual and long service leave + Useful lives of assets + Impairment of assets	We reviewed the method and underlying data that management and where applicable third parties use when determining critical accounting estimates. Including the reasonableness of assumptions and corroborating representations.	We have performed our audit procedures on the relevant risk areas identified and concur with management's assessment of the accounting standards and the related disclosures in the financial statements.



5. QUALITATIVE ASPECTS OF ACCOUNTING PRACTISES

Financial Report Disclosures

The disclosures in the financial report are neutral, consistent, and clear. Certain financial report disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial report users. The most sensitive disclosures affecting the financial statements were:

- · Provision for long service leave
- Valuation of Non-Current Assets
- Useful lives of non-current assets
- Contingent liabilities
- Joint ventures

We concur with the judgements utilised in formulating these disclosures.

Accounting estimates

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimates affecting the financial statements were:

- · Provision for long service leave
- Valuation of Non-Current Assets
- Useful lives of non-current assets

We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used to develop these estimates in determining that they are reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

6. ASSESSMENT OF INTERNAL CONTROLS

Deficiencies in internal control

We are required to report to you any material weaknesses in the accounting and internal control systems identified during the audit.

All issues identified during the course of our fieldwork are categorised as per below:

Level 1	Significant Deficiencies	Those findings where there is potentially a significant risk to the entity should the finding not be addressed by the entity promptly. A significant rating could indicate the need for a modified audit opinion in the current year, or in a subsequent reporting period if not addressed. However even if the issue is not likely to impact the audit opinion, it should be addressed promptly.
Level 2	Moderate Deficiencies	Those findings which are of sufficient concern to warrant action being taken by the entity as soon as practicable.
Level 3	Minor Deficiencies.	Those findings that are not of primary concern but still warrant action being taken.



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During our audit for the year ended 30 June 2024, we evaluated the effectiveness of controls on three levels – design, implementation and operating effectiveness. As part of this evaluation, we gained a detailed understanding of the policies and procedures over the following business cycles:

- Purchases & payments.
- Payroll and Employee Benefits and;
- Bank and cash
- Revenue (Design and Implementation Only)

We are pleased to inform management and those charged with governance that, based on our observations and testing, two significant control deficiencies were identified during the interim audit period. All other issues identified were categorised as moderate, as detailed below. As a result, we were able to place reliance on certain key controls for our audit. Whilst we consider the effectiveness of management's internal controls relevant to the Shire's preparation and fair presentation of the financial report when determining the nature timing and extent of our audit our audit procedures are not designed to provide an opinion or any assurance on the effectiveness of the Shire's internal control.

MANAGEMENT LETTER POINTS - REFER TO MANAGEMENT LETTER ATTACHMENT

	FINDING	RATING			
INTERIM AUDIT ISSUES					
1	Excess annual leave	Moderate			
2	Variations to scope of work	Significant			
3	Revenue recognition	Moderate			
4	Supplier Masterfile Changes	Significant			
5	Grant Revenue - GST	Moderate			
6	Information, Technology and Communication (ITC) Plans and Policies	Moderate			
FINAL AUDIT ISSUES					
5	Bank Signatories not current	Moderate			



7. OTHER REPORTING REQUIREMENTS

AREA	RES	SPONSE
suspected mate		Our audit procedures include discussion with management and those charged with governance as to the existence of any known or suspected material fraud. There was no known or suspected material fraud from these discussions. Those charged with governance may contact the OAG Representative, Indika Dias on (08) 6557 7543 if they are aware of any known or suspected fraud.
		We are not aware of any known or suspected material fraud, nor has it been brought to our attention by management. We will obtain in writing, representations regarding the existence of fraud, policies and procedures in place to prevent and detect fraud, noting no instances of fraud of which management are aware.
Errors, irregularities and illegal acts		We have noted no errors or irregularities that would cause the financial report to contain a material misstatement. As part of our normal statutory audit no apparent illegal acts have come to our attention.
Compliance with laws & regulations		We are not aware of any known or suspected non-compliance with laws or regulations applicable to the Shire that may be material to the financial report. We will also receive representations from management confirming that the Shire is in compliance with all laws and regulations that impact the organisation.
		We considered management's assessment of the effects of any accounting policy changes on the Shire's financial statements for the current financial year as well as their assessment of any potential effects arising from those standards applicable for the first time in subsequent financial periods.
	We consider that the accounting policies adopted in the financial statements are appropriately applied and disclosed. Verificant transactions entered into by the Shire during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. It is significant transactions that have been recognised in the financial statements in a different period than when the transactions	
Management consultation with other independent accountants or experts	3	
Management representations		We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the draft management representation letter.



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Independence	•	We confirm that, as at the date of this report, the Firm and the members of the Audit Team continue to meet the independence requirements of Australian Auditing Standards and the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including Independence Standards) (the Code).
Difficulties encountered in performing the audit	0	The audit was performed as planned.
Related Parties		Significant matters arising during the audit in connection with the Shire's related parties include, where applicable: Non-disclosure by management; Inappropriate authorisation and approval of transactions; Disagreement over disclosures; or Non-compliance with laws and regulations. Auditor Response: We are not aware of any related party transactions that are not adequately accounted for by management.



SHIRE OF MURCHISON

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

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The Shire of Murchison conducts the operations of a local government with the following community vision:

Working together to preserve the unique character of the Shire, supporting diverse and sustainable lifestyle and economic opportunities

Principal place of business: Murchison Settlement Carnarvon-Mullewa Road Western Australia

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SHIRE OF MURCHISON FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

Local Government Act 1995 Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996

STATEMENT BY CEO

The accompanying financial report of the Shire of Murchison has been prepared in compliance with the provisions of the *Local Government Act 1995* from proper accounts and records to present fairly the financial transactions for the reporting period ended 30 June 2024 and the financial position as at 30 June 2024.

At the date of signing this statement the particulars included in the financial report are not misleading or inaccurate.

Signed on the	28th	day of	November		2024
		CEO			
			William	James Boehm	

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SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

		2024	2024	2023
	NOTE	Actual	Budget	Actual
		\$	\$	\$
Revenue				
Rates	2(a),23	722,646	3,261,265	671,803
Grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	5,264,949	5,510,435	15,047,853
Fees and charges	2(a)	572,665	586,958	545,285
Interest revenue	2(a)	144,639	88,100	88,779
Other revenue	2(a)	286,474	372,851	341,137
		6,991,373	9,819,609	16,694,857
Expenses				
Employee costs	2(b)	(1,366,495)	(1,362,949)	(1,525,756)
Materials and contracts		(4,167,168)	(7,821,231)	(11,116,646)
Depreciation		(5,735,641)	(5,400,127)	(5,441,519)
Finance costs		(36,231)	(44,738)	(53,047)
Insurance		(197,357)	(188,949)	(185,182)
Other expenditure	2(b)	(140,775)	(160,373)	(147,392)
		(11,643,667)	(14,978,367)	(18,469,542)
		(4,652,294)	(5,158,758)	(1,774,685)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	2(a)	7,864,111	5,800,331	2,059,431
Profit on asset disposals		71,504	-	-
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(a)	419	_	922
Impairment of Buildings and improvements	8(a)	_	-	(37,060)
	()	7,936,034	5,800,331	2,023,293
Net result for the period		3,283,740	641,573	248,608
Other comprehensive income for the period				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or lo	ee			
Changes in asset revaluation surplus	15	-	-	-
Total other comprehensive income for the period	15	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period		3,283,740	641,573	248,608





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SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30 JUNE 2024

AS AT 30 JUNE 2024			
	NOTE	2024	2023
		\$	\$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	8,523,979	10,542,527
Trade and other receivables	5	3,461,071	385,542
Inventories	6	220,515	230,472
Other assets	7	120,489	1,752,976
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		12,326,054	12,911,517
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other financial assets	4(a)	20,792	20,373
Property, plant and equipment	8	13,176,284	13,172,850
Infrastructure	9	96,340,734	91,592,586
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		109,537,810	104,785,809
TOTAL ASSETS		121,863,864	117,697,326
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	11	1,490,892	1,521,473
Other liabilities	12	2,161,932	1,044,818
Borrowings	13	197,445	194,552
Employee related provisions	14	196,861	246,429
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		4,047,130	3,007,272
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Borrowings	13	1,341,307	1,533,838
Employee related provisions	14	95,558	60,087
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES		1,436,865	1,593,925
TOTAL LIABILITIES		5,483,995	4,601,197
NET ASSETS		116,379,869	113,096,129
EQUITY			
Retained surplus		28,735,504	24,005,077
Reserve accounts	26	8,229,297	9,675,984
Revaluation surplus	15	79,415,068	79,415,068
TOTAL EQUITY		116,379,869	113,096,129

This statement is to be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes.



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SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS	RESERVE ACCOUNTS	REVALUATION SURPLUS	TOTAL EQUITY
		\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance as at 1 July 2022		23,116,002	10,316,451	79,415,068	112,847,521
Comprehensive income for the period Net result for the period		248,608	-	-	248,608
Other comprehensive income for the period	15	-	-	-	_
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	248,608	-	-	248,608
Transfers from reserve accounts	26	5,781,902	(5,781,902)	-	-
Transfers to reserve accounts	26	(5,141,435)	5,141,435	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2023	-	24,005,077	9,675,984	79,415,068	113,096,129
Comprehensive income for the period Net result for the period		3,283,740	-	-	3,283,740
Other comprehensive income for the period	15	-	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the period	_	3,283,740	-	-	3,283,740
Transfers from reserve accounts	26	5,919,356	(5,919,356)	-	-
Transfers to reserve accounts	26	(4,472,669)	4,472,669	-	-
Balance as at 30 June 2024	_	28,735,504	8.229,297	79,415,068	116,379,869





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SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

		2024	2023
	NOTE	Actual	Actual
		\$	\$
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Receipts			
Rates		715,498	768,663
Grants, subsidies and contributions		1,936,591	14,934,444
Fees and charges		571,527	537,087
Interest revenue		144,639	88,779
Other revenue		286,474	341,137
		3,654,729	16,670,110
Payments			
Employee costs		(1,386,007)	(1,502,778)
Materials and contracts		(3,683,334)	(12,212,746)
Finance costs		(36,231)	(53,047)
Insurance paid		(197,357)	(185,182)
Goods and services tax paid		(239,125)	(155,036)
Other expenditure		(139,578)	(147,392)
		(5,681,632)	(14,256,181)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	16(b)	(2,026,903)	2,413,929
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Payments for purchase of property, plant & equipment	8(a)	(1,243,966)	(1,516,963)
Payments for construction of infrastructure	9(a)	(9,354,887)	(5,412,000)
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	()	10,613,712	2,727,075
Proceeds for financial assets at amortised cost		· · · · ·	3,422,952
Proceeds from sale of property, plant & equipment		183,134	-
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities		197,993	(778,936)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Repayment of borrowings	25(a)	(189,638)	(202,165)
Net cash (used in) financing activities	20(4)	(189,638)	(202,165)
		,	
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(2,018,548)	1,432,828
Cash at beginning of year	40()	10,542,527	9,109,699
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	16(a)	8,523,979	10,542,527



SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL ACTIVITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	NOTE	2024 Actual	2024 Budget	2023 Actual
		\$	\$	\$
OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Revenue from operating activities		700.040	0.004.005	074 000
General rates	23 23	722,646	3,261,265	671,803
Rates excluding general rates Grants, subsidies and contributions	23	5,264,949	5,510,435	- 15,047,853
Fees and charges		572,665	586,958	545,285
Interest revenue		144,639	88,100	88,779
Other revenue		286,474	372,851	341,137
Profit on asset disposals		71,504	-	-
Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	4(a)	419	-	922
English Programme and the control of		7,063,296	9,819,609	16,695,779
Expenditure from operating activities		(4.000.405)	(4.202.040)	(4 505 750)
Employee costs Materials and contracts		(1,366,495) (4,167,168)	(1,362,949) (7,821,231)	(1,525,756) (11,116,646)
Depreciation		(5,735,641)	(5,400,127)	(5,441,519)
Finance costs		(36,231)	(44,738)	(53,047)
Insurance		(197,357)	(188,949)	(185,182)
Other expenditure		(140,775)	(160,373)	(147,392)
Loss on revaluation of non-current assets		-	- 1	(37,060)
		(11,643,667)	(14,978,367)	(18,506,602)
Non cash amounts excluded from operating activities	24(a)	5,649,621	5,400,127	5,507,989
Amount attributable to operating activities	(\o)	1,069,250	241,369	3,697,166
		, ,	,	.,,
INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from investing activities				
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions		7,864,111	5,800,331	2,059,431
Proceeds from disposal of assets		183,134 8,047,245	100,000 5,900,331	2,059,431
Outflows from investing activities		0,047,243	3,900,331	2,009,401
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	8(a)	(1,243,966)	(1,202,000)	(1,516,963)
Purchase and construction of infrastructure	9(a)	(9,354,887)	(8,581,117)	(5,412,000)
		(10,598,853)	(9,783,117)	(6,928,963)
Non-cash amounts excluded from investing activities	24(a)		_	_
Amount attributable to investing activities	2-τ(α)	(2,551,608)	(3,882,786)	(4,869,532)
•		, , ,	(, , ,	, , ,
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Inflows from financing activities Transfers from reserve accounts	26	5,919,356	6.327.983	5,781,902
Transfers from reserve accounts	20	5,919,356	6,327,983	5,781,902
Outflows from financing activities		-,,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	-, - ,
Repayment of borrowings	25(a)	(189,638)	(189,033)	(202,165)
Transfers to reserve accounts	26	(4,472,669)	(2,972,301)	(5,141,435)
		(4,662,307)	(3,161,334)	(5,343,600)
	24()			
Non-cash amounts excluded from financing activities Amount attributable to financing activities	24(a)	1,257,049	2 166 640	429 202
Amount attributable to initiationly activities		1,237,049	3,166,649	438,302
MOVEMENT IN SURPLUS OR DEFICIT				
Surplus or deficit at the start of the financial year	24(b)	669,242	508,088	1,403,306
Amount attributable to operating activities		1,069,250	241,369	3,697,166
Amount attributable to investing activities		(2,551,608)	(3,882,786)	(4,869,532)
Amount attributable to financing activities Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates	24/h)	1,257,049 443,933	3,166,649	438,302
ourpius or denote after imposition of general rates	24(b)	443,933	33,320	669,242



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1. BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report of the Shire of Murchison which is a Class 4 local government comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* and accompanying regulations.

Local Government Act 1995 requirements

Section 6.4(2) of the Local Government Act 1995 read with the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 prescribe that the financial report be prepared in accordance with the Local Government Act 1995 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Local Government Act 1995, the Australian Accounting Standards. The Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities) and Interpretations of the Australian Accounting Standards Board were applied except for disclosure requirements of:

- AASB 7 Financial Instruments Disclosures
- AASB 16 Leases paragraph 58
- AASB 101 Presentation of Financial Statements paragraph 61
- AASB 107 Statement of Cash Flows paragraphs 43 and 45
- AASB 116 Property, Plant and Equipment paragraph 79
- AASB 137 Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets paragraph 85
- AASB 140 Investment Property paragraph 75(f)
- AASB 1052 Disaggregated Disclosures paragraph 11
- AASB 1054 Australian Additional Disclosures paragraph 16

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 specify that vested land is a right-of-use asset to be measured at cost, and is considered a zero cost concessionary lease. All right-of-use assets under zero cost concessionary leases are measured at zero cost rather than at fair value, except for vested improvements on concessionary land leases such as roads, buildings or other infrastructure which continue to be reported at fair value, as opposed to the vested land which is measured at zero cost. The measurement of vested improvements at fair value is a departure from AASB 16 Leases which would have required the Shire to measure any vested improvements at zero cost.

The Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 provide that:

- land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment; or
- infrastructure; or
- vested improvements that the local government controls; and measured at reportable value, are only required to be revalued every five years. Revaluing these non-financial assets every five years is a departure from AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment* which would have required the Shire to assess at each reporting date whether the varying amount of the above mentioned non-financial assets materially differs from their fair value and, if so, revalue the class of non-financial assets.

Accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise. Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the financial report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

Critical accounting estimates and judgements

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying amounts of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

As with all estimates, the use of different assumptions could lead to material changes in the amounts reported in the financial report.

The following are estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year and further information on their nature and impact can be found in the relevant note:

- Fair value measurement of assets carried at reportable value including:
 - Property, plant and equipment note 8
 - Infrastructure note 9
- Impairment losses of non-financial assets note 8
- Measurement of employee benefits note 14

Fair value heirarchy information can be found in note 22

The local government reporting entity

All funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 27 of the financial report.

Initial application of accounting standards

During the current year, the following new or revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations were applied for the first time

- AASB 2021-2 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Disclosure of Accounting Policies or Definition of Accounting
- Disclosure of Accounting Policies or Definition of Accounting Estimates

This standard resulted in terminology changes relating to material accounting policies (formerly referred to as significant accounting policies).

New accounting standards for application in future years

The following new accounting standards will have application to local government in future years:

- AASB 2014-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investor and its
- · AASB 2020-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-Current
- AASB 2021-7c Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and
- Effective Date of Amendments to AASB 10 and AASB 128 and Editorial Corrections [deferred AASB 10 and AASB 128 amendments in AASB 2014-10 apply]
- AASB 2022-5 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Lease Liability in a Sale and Leaseback
- AASB 2022-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Non-current Liabilities with Covenants

These amendments are not expected to have any material impact on the financial report on initial application.

- AASB 2022-10 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
 Fair Volum Management of Non-Financial Account of Not for
- Fair Value Measurement of Non-Financial Assets of Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities

These amendment may result in changes to the fair value of non-financial assets. The impact is yet to be quantified.

- AASB 2023-1 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards
- Supplier Finance Arrangements

These amendments may result in additional disclosures in the case of applicable finance arrangements.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES

(a) Revenue

Contracts with customers

Recognition of revenue is dependant on the source of revenue and the associated terms and conditions associated with each source of revenue and recognised as follows:

of revenue and recognised as follows: Revenue Category	Nature of goods and services	When obligations typically satisfied	Payment terms	Returns/Refunds/ Warranties	Timing of revenue recognition
Rates	General Rates.	Over time.	Payment dates adopted by Council during the year.	None.	When rates notice is issued.
Grant contracts with customers	Community events, minor facilities, research, design, planning evaluation and services.	Over time.	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting.		Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared.
Grants, subsidies or contributions for the construction of non-financial assets	Construction or acquisition of recognisable non-financial assets to be controlled by the local government.	Over time.	Fixed terms transfer of funds based on agreed milestones and reporting.	•	Output method based on project milestones and/or completion date matched to performance obligations as inputs are shared.
Grants with no contract commitments	General appropriations and contributions with no reciprocal commitment.	No obligations.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	When assets are controlled.
Licences/ Registrations/ Approvals	Building, planning, development and animal management, having the same nature as a licence regardless of naming.	Single point in time.	Full payment prior to issue.	None.	On payment and issue of the licence, registration or approval.
Other inspections	Regulatory Food, Health and Safety.	Single point in time.	Full payment prior to inspection.	None.	Revenue recognised after inspection event occurs.
Property hire and entry	Use of halls and facilities.	Single point in time.	In full in advance.	Refund if event cancelled within 7 days.	On entry or at conclusion of hire.
Fees and charges for other goods and services	Cemetery services, library fees, reinstatements and private works.	Single point in time.	Payment in full in advance.	None.	Output method based on provision of service or completion of works.
Commissions	Commissions on licencing and ticket sales.	Over time.	Payment in full on sale.	None.	When assets are controlled.
Reimbursements	Insurance claims.	Single point in time.	Payment in arrears for claimable event.	None.	When claim is agreed.

Consideration from contracts with customers is included in the transaction price.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

Revenue Recognition

Revenue recognised during the year under each basis of recognition by nature of goods or services is provided in the table below:

For the year ended 30 June 2024

	Contracts with	Capital	Statutory		
Nature	customers	grant/contributions	Requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	-	•	722,646	•	722,646
Grants, subsidies and contributions	5,264,949	•	-	•	5,264,949
Fees and charges	572,665	-	-	-	572,665
Interest revenue	-	•	3,735	140,904	144,639
Other revenue	286,474	•	-	•	286,474
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	-	7,864,111	-	-	7,864,111
Total	6.124.088	7.864.111	726.381	140.904	14.855.484

For the year ended 30 June 2023

	Contracts with	Capital	Statutory		
Nature	customers	grant/contributions	Requirements	Other	Total
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Rates	-	-	671,803	-	671,803
Grants, subsidies and contributions	15,047,853	-	-	-	15,047,853
Fees and charges	545,285	-	-	-	545,285
Interest revenue	-	-	3,980	84,799	88,779
Other revenue	341,137	-	-	-	341,137
Capital grants, subsidies and contributions	-	2,059,431	-	-	2,059,431
Total	15.934.275	2.059.431	675.783	84.799	18.754.288

(a) Revenue (Continued)		2024	2023
	Note	Actual	Actual
-		\$	\$
Interest revenue			
Interest on reserve account		139,080	82,596
Rate instalment and penalty interest		3,735	3,980
Other interest revenue		1,824	2,203
		144,639	88,779
The 2024 original budget estimate in relation to:			
Trade and other receivables overdue interest was \$0.			
Fees and charges relating to rates receivable			
Charges on instalment plan		1,716	132
The 2024 original budget estimate in relation to:			
Charges on instalment plan was \$330.			
(b) Expenses			
Auditors remuneration			
- Audit of the Annual Financial Report		45,000	44,700
- Other services – grant acquittals		4,500	-
		49,500	44,700
Employee Costs			
Employee benefit costs		1,261,885	1,445,954
Other employee costs		104,610	79,802
		1,366,495	1,525,756
Finance costs			
Interest and financial charges paid/payable for lease liabilities and			
financial liabilities not at fair value through profit or loss		36,231	53,047
		36,231	53,047
Other expenditure			
Impairment losses (writeback) on rates and statutory receivables		(2,235)	(8,198)
Impairment losses (writeback) on trade receivables		1,197	-
Sundry expenses		141,813	155,590
		140,775	147,392

3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		\$	\$
Cash at bank and on hand		5,333,635	7,071,102
Term deposits		3,582,292	3,471,425
Bank overdraft		(391,948)	-
Total cash and cash equivalents		8,523,979	10,542,527
Held as			
- Unrestricted cash and cash equivalents		2,588,043	1,574,701
- Restricted cash and cash equivalents*	16(a)	5,935,936	8,967,826
		8,523,979	10,542,527

^{*}Restricted cash and cash equivalents excludes the Grant Commission reserve balance of \$4,334,804 at 30 June 2024 as there is no statutory requirement to restrict these funds. \$4,332,788 was received for the Financial Assistance grant on 30 June 2024 and transferred to the Grant Commission reserve. These funds were subsequently transferred from the Grant Commission reserve on 1 July 2024.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

Term deposits are presented as cash equivalents if they have a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition and are repayable with 24 hours notice with no loss of interest.

Restricted financial assets

2024

Restricted financial asset balances are not available for general use by the local government due to externally imposed restrictions. Restrictions are specified in an agreement, contract or legislation. This applies to reserve accounts, unspent grants, subsidies and contributions and unspent loans that have not been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor, legislation or loan agreement and for which no liability has been recognised.

2023

4. OTHER FINANCIAL ASSETS

(a) Non-current assets

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Units in Local Government House Trust - opening balance Movement attributable to fair value increment

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss [describe] Local Government House Trust

Units in Local Government House Trust - closing balance

Note	2024	2023
	\$	\$
	20,792	20,373
	20,792	20,373
	20,373	19,451
	419	922
	20,792	20,373

Fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is determined from the net asset value of the units held in the Trust at balance date as compiled by WALGA.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Other financial assets at amortised cost

The Shire classifies financial assets at amortised cost if both of the following criteria are met:

- the asset is held within a business model whose objective is to collect the contractual cashflows, and
- the contractual terms give rise to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest.

Fair values of financial assets at amortised cost are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest receivable on those assets is either close to current market rates or the assets are of a short term nature. Non-current financial assets at amortised cost fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current market rates. They are classified as level 2 fair values in the fair value hierachy (see Note 22 (i)) due to the observable market rates).

Interest received is presented under cashflows from operating activities in the Statement of Cash Flows where it is earned from financial assets that are held for cash management purposes.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

The Shire has elected to classify the following financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:

- debt investments which do not qualify for measurement at either amortised cost or fair value through other comprehensive income.
- equity investments which the Shire has elected to recognise as fair value gains and losses through profit or loss.

5. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES	Note	2024	2023	
		\$	\$	
Current				
Rates and statutory receivables		22,125	60,272	
Trade receivables		3,446,103	87,289	
Other receivables		-	31,653	
GST receivable		-	214,623	
Allowance for credit losses of rates and statutory receivables		(5,960)	(8,295)	2,335
Allowance for credit losses of trade receivables		(1,197)	-	
		3,461,071	385,542	

Disclosure of opening and closing balances related to con	tracts with cus	stomers		
Information about receivables from contracts with		30 June	30 June	1 July
customers along with financial assets and associated		2024	2023	2022
liabilities arising from transfers to enable the acquisition	Note	Actual	Actual	Actual
or construction of recognisable non financial assets is:		\$	\$	\$
Trade and other receivables from contracts with customers		3.446.103	87.289	

Trade and other receivables from contracts with customers		3,446,103	87,289	1,517
Contract assets	7	120,489	1,752,976	182,020
Allowance for credit losses of trade receivables	5	(1,197)	-	-
Total trade and other receivables from contracts with customers		3,565,395	1,840,265	183,537

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Rates and statutory receivables

Rates and statutory receivables are non-contractual receivables arising from statutory requirements and include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other statutory charges or fines.

Rates and statutory receivables are recognised when the taxable event has occurred and can be measured reliably.

Trade receivables

Trade receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with customers for goods sold, services performed or grants or contributions with sufficiently specific performance obligations or for the construction of recognisable non financial assets as part of the ordinary course of business.

Other receivables

Other receivables are amounts receivable from contractual arrangements with third parties other than contracts with customers and amounts received as grants for the construction of recognisable non financial assets.

Measurement

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at the amount of the transaction price, unless they contain a significant financing component, and are to be recognised at fair value.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Receivables which are generally due for settlement within 30 days except rates receivables which are expected to be collected within 12 months are classified as current assets. All other receivables such as, deferred pensioner rates receivable after the end of the reporting period are classified as non-current assets.

Trade and other receivables are held with the objective to collect the contractual cashflows and therefore the Shire measures them subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

Due to the short term nature of current receivables, their carrying amount is considered to be the same as their fair value. Non-current receivables are indexed to inflation, any difference between the face value and fair value is considered immaterial.

6. INVENTORIES

	Note	2024	2023
Current		\$	\$
Fuel and materials		220,515	230,472
		220,515	230,472
The following movements in inventories occurred during the year:			
Balance at beginning of year		230,472	139,174
Inventories expensed during the year		(1,048,037)	(946,190)
Additions to inventory		1,038,080	1,037,488
Balance at end of year		220,515	230,472

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

7. OTHER ASSETS

Other assets - current

Contract assets

2024		2023
	\$	\$
	120,489	1,752,976
	120,489	1,752,976

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Contract assets

Contract assets primarily relate to the Shire's right to . consideration for work completed but not billed at the end of the period.

Impairment of assets associated with contracts with customers are detailed at Note 2(b).

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

			Plant and e	quipment	
	Buildings and improvements not subject to operating lease	Total Buildings and improvements	Furniture and equipment	Plant and equipment	Total property, plant and equipment
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	9,850,835	9,850,835	40,876	2,878,770	12,770,481
Additions	587,082	587,082	30,025	899,856	1,516,963
Impairment (losses)	(37,060)	(37,060)	-	-	(37,060)
Depreciation	(629,276)	(629,276)	(9,840)	(438,418)	(1,077,534)
Balance at 30 June 2023	9,771,581	9,771,581	61,061	3,340,208	13,172,850
Comprises:					
Gross balance amount at 30 June 2023	13,943,811	13,943,811	82,994	5,345,016	19,371,821
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023	(4,172,230)	(4,172,230)	(21,933)	(2,004,808)	(6,198,971)
Balance at 30 June 2023	9,771,581	9,771,581	61,061	3,340,208	13,172,850
Additions	633,811	633,811	40,845	569,310	1,243,966
Disposals	-	-	-	(111,630)	(111,630)
Depreciation	(629,530)	(629,530)	(12,113)	(487,259)	(1,128,902)
Balance at 30 June 2024	9,775,862	9,775,862	89,793	3,310,629	13,176,284
Comprises:					
Gross balance amount at 30 June 2024	14,577,622	14,577,622	123,839	5,572,566	20,274,027
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024	(4,801,760)	(4,801,760)	(34,046)	(2,261,937)	(7,097,743)
Balance at 30 June 2024	9,775,862	9,775,862	89,793	3,310,629	13,176,284

8. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Carrying Amount Measurements

		Fair Value		Basis of	Date of Last	
	Asset Class	Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Valuation	Valuation	Inputs Used
(i)	Fair Value - as determined at the	last valuation of	late			
	Buildings and improvements not	subject to ope	rating lease			
	Buildings and improvements not subject to operating lease	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent registered valuer	June 2022	Improvements to land using residual values and remaining useful life assessments inputs.
			rds to future values and patterns of consulter or lower fair value measurement.	umption utilising cu	urrent information. If	the basis of these assumptions were varied,
			uation techniques used by the local gover pplied to property subject to lease was th			roperty, plant and equipment using either subject to lease.
(ii)	Cost Furniture and equipment		Cost	Cost		Purchase cost
	Plant and equipment		Cost	Cost		Purchase cost

9. INFRASTRUCTURE

(a) Movements in Balances

Movement in the balances of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current final

	Infrastructure - roads	Infrastructure - bridges	Total Infrastructure
	\$	\$	\$
Balance at 1 July 2022	88,739,812	1,804,759	90,544,571
Additions	5,412,000	-	5,412,000
Depreciation	(4,305,757)	(58,228)	(4,363,985)
Balance at 30 June 2023	89,846,055	1,746,531	91,592,586
Comprises:			
Gross balance at 30 June 2023	134,718,253	4,658,230	139,376,483
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2023	(44,872,198)	(2,911,699)	(47,783,897)
Balance at 30 June 2023	89,846,055	1,746,531	91,592,586
Additions	9,354,887		9,354,887
Depreciation	(4,548,511)	(58,228)	(4,606,739)
Balance at 30 June 2024	94,652,431	1,688,303	96,340,734
Comprises:			
Gross balance at 30 June 2024	144,073,140	4,658,230	148,731,370
Accumulated depreciation at 30 June 2024	(49,420,709)	(2,969,927)	(52,390,636)
Balance at 30 June 2024	94,652,431	1,688,303	96,340,734

9. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Carrying Amount Measurements

	Fair Value			Date of Last	
Asset Class	Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of Valuation	Valuation	Inputs Used
(i) Fair Value - as determined at the las	st valuation date				
Infrastructure - roads	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management Valuation	June 2022	Construction costs and current condition residual value and remaining useful life assessments.
Infrastructure - bridges	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management Valuation	June 2022	Construction costs and current condition residual value and remaining useful life assessments.

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

10. FIXED ASSETS

(a) Depreciation

Depreciation rates

Typical estimated useful lives for the different asset classes for the current and prior years are included in the table below:

Asset Class	Useful life
Buildings and improvements	7 to 90 years
Furniture and equipment	3 to 25 years
Plant and equipment	5 to 20 years
Sealed roads and streets	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	12 years
seal	10 years
- bituminous seals	20 years
- asphalt surfaces	25 years
Gravel roads	
formation	not depreciated
pavement	45 years
Footpaths - slab	10 years
Culverts	60 years
Signs	20 years
Stock grids	80 years
Floodways	21 years
Water supply pipping and drainage systems	75 years
Bridges	80 years

10. FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Initial recognition

An item of property, plant and equipment or infrastructure that qualifies for recognition as an asset is measured at its cost.

Upon initial recognition, cost is determined as the amount paid (or other consideration given) to acquire the assets, plus costs incidental to the acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads. For assets acquired at zero cost or otherwise significantly less than fair value, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition.

Assets for which the fair value as at the date of acquisition is under \$5,000 are not recognised as an asset in accordance with *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(5)*. These assets are expensed immediately.

Where multiple individual low value assets are purchased together as part of a larger asset or collectively forming a larger asset exceeding the threshold, the individual assets are recognised as one asset and capitalised.

Individual assets that are land, buildings and infrastructure acquired between scheduled revaluation dates of the asset class in accordance with the Shire's revaluation policy, are recognised at cost and disclosed as being at reportable value.

Measurement after recognition

Plant and equipment including furniture and equipment and right-of-use assets (other than vested improvements) are measured using the cost model as required under *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(2)*. Assets held under the cost model are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses being their reportable value.

Reportable Value

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management)
Regulation 17A(2), the carrying amount of non-financial assets that are land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, investment properties, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls.

Reportable value is for the purpose of Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A(4) is the fair value of the asset at its last valuation date minus (to the extent applicable) the accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses in respect of the non-financial asset subsequent to its last valuation date.

Revaluation

Land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements that the local government controls and measured at reportable value, are only required to be revalued every five years in accordance with the regulatory framework. This includes buildings and infrastructure items which were pre-existing improvements (i.e. vested improvements) on land vested in the Shire

Whilst the regulatory framework only requires a revaluation to occur every five years, it also provides for the Shire to revalue earlier if it chooses to do so.

For land, buildings and infrastructure, increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of asset classes are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity.

Decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Subsequent increases are then recognised in profit or loss to the extent they reverse a net revaluation decrease previously recognised in profit or loss for the same class of asset.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all property, plant and equipment and infrastructure, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

Depreciation on revaluation

When an item of property, plant and equipment and infrastructure is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

(i) The gross carrying amount is adjusted in a manner that is consistent with the revaluation of the carrying amount of the asset.(ii) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Impairment

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management)
Regulations 17A(4C), the Shire is not required to comply with
AASB 136 Impairment of Assets to determine the recoverable amount
of its non-financial assets that are land or buildings classified as
property, plant and equipment, infrastructure or vested improvements
that the local government controls in circumstances where there has
been an impairment indication of a general decrease in asset values.

In other circumstances where it has been assessed that one or more of these non-financial assets are impaired, the asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains or losses on disposal

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

11. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Current

Sundry creditors
Prepaid rates
Accrued payroll liabilities
ATO liabilities
Bonds and deposits held
Accrued expenses
GST payable

2024	2023
\$	\$
204 204	224 540
394,291	234,549
36,848	82,143
60,402	47,726
32,212	50,303
514,989	511,211
141,793	595,541
310,357	-
1,490,892	1,521,473

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Financial liabilities

Financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and any consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition. The carrying amounts of trade and other payables are considered to be the same as their fair values, due to their short-term nature.

Prepaid rates

Prepaid rates are, until the taxable event has occurred (start of the next financial year), refundable at the request of the ratepayer. Rates received in advance are initially recognised as a financial liability. When the taxable event occurs, the financial liability is extinguished and the Shire recognises income for the prepaid rates that have not been refunded.

12. OTHER LIABILITIES	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Current		
Capital grant/contributions liabilities	2,161,932	1,044,818
	2,161,932	1,044,818
Reconciliation of changes in capital grant/contribution		
liabilities		
Opening balance	1,044,818	377,174
Additions	2,161,932	1,044,818
Revenue from capital grant/contributions held as a liability at		
the start of the period	(1,044,818)	(377,174)
	2,161,932	1,044,818
Expected satisfaction of capital grant/contribution		
liabilities		
Less than 1 year	2,161,932	1,044,818
	2,161,932	1,044,818

Performance obligations in relation to capital grant/contribution liabilities are satisfied as project milestones are met or completion of construction or acquisition of the asset.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Capital grant/contribution liabilities

Capital grant/contribution liabilities represent the Shire's obligations to construct recognisable non-financial assets to identified specifications to be controlled by the Shire which are yet to be satisfied. Capital grant/contribution liabilities are recognised as income when the obligations in the contract are satisfied.

Fair values for non-current capital grant/contribution liabilities, not expected to be extinguished within 12 months, are based on discounted cash flows of expected cashflows to satisfy the obligations using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierarchy (see note 21(i)) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

13. BORROWINGS

			2024			2023		
	Note	Current	Non-current	Total	Current	Non-current	Total	
Secured		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Long term borrowings		197,445	1,341,307	1,538,752	194,552	1,533,838	1,728,390	
Total secured borrowings	25(a)	197,445	1,341,307	1,538,752	194,552	1,533,838	1,728,390	

Secured liabilities and assets pledged as security

Debentures, bank overdrafts and bank loans are secured by a floating charge over the assets of the Shire of Murchison.

The Shire of Murchison has complied with the financial covenants of its borrowing facilities during the 2024 and 2023 years.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES Borrowing costs

The Shire has elected to recognise borrowing costs as an expense when incurred regardless of how the borrowings are applied.

Fair values of borrowings are not materially different to their carrying amounts, since the interest payable on those borrowings is either close to current market rates or the borrowings are of a short term nature. Borrowings fair values are based on discounted cash flows using a current borrowing rate. They are classified as level 3 fair values in the fair value hierachy (see Note 22(i)) due to the unobservable inputs, including own credit risk.

Details of individual borrowings required by regulations are provided at Note 25.

14. EMPLOYEE RELATED PROVISIONS

Employee Related Provisions

	2024	2023
Current provisions	\$	\$
Employee benefit provisions		
Annual leave	130,056	134,720
Long service leave	41,127	79,566
	171,183	214,286
Employee related other provisions		
Employment on-costs	25,678	32,143
	25,678	32,143
Total current employee related provisions	196,861	246,429
Non-current provisions		
Employee benefit provisions		
Long service leave	84,332	52,964
	84,332	52,964
Employee related other provisions		
Employment on-costs	11,226	7,123
	11,226	7,123
Total non-current employee related provisions	95,558	60,087
Total employee related provisions	292,419	306,516

Provision is made for benefits accruing to employees in respect of wages and salaries, annual leave and long service leave and associated on costs for services rendered up to the reporting date and recorded as an expense during the period the services are delivered.

Annual leave liabilities are classified as current, as there is no unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Employee benefits

The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave, long service leave and other employee leave entitlements are recognised as employee related provisions in the Statement of Financial Position.

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Long-term employee benefits provisions are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

15. REVALUATION SURPLUS

Buildings and improvements Infrastructure - roads

2024 Opening Balance	Total Movement on Revaluation	2024 Closing Balance	2023 Opening Balance	Total Movement on Revaluation	2023 Closing Balance	
\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
7,861,593	-	7,861,593	7,861,593	-	7,861,593	
71,553,475	-	71,553,475	71,553,475	-	71,553,475	
79,415,068	-	79,415,068	79,415,068	-	79,415,068	

16. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

	Note	2024 Actual	2023 Actual
		\$	\$
Cash and cash equivalents	3	8,523,979	10,542,527
Restrictions The following classes of financial assets have restrictions imposed by regulations or other externally imposed requirements which limit or direct the purpose for which the resources may be used:			
- Cash and cash equivalents	3	5,935,936	8,967,826
The restricted financial assets are a result of the following specific purposes to which the assets may be used: Restricted reserve accounts*	26	5,935,936 3,894,493	8,967,826 9,675,984
Contract assets	7	(120,489)	(1,752,976)
Capital grant liabilities	12	2,161,932	1,044,818
Total restricted financial assets		5,935,936	8,967,826
*Restricted reserve accounts excludes the Grant Commission reserve balance of \$4,334,804 at 30 June 2024 as there is no statutory requirement to restrict these funds. \$4,332,788 was received for the Financial Assistance grant on 30 June 2024 and transferred to the Grant Commission reserve. These funds were subsequently transferred from the Grant Commission reserve on 1 July 2024.			
(b) Reconciliation of Net Result to Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities			
Net result		3,283,740	248,608
Non-cash items: Adjustments to fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss Depreciation/amortisation (Profit)/loss on sale of asset Impairment of building and improvements Changes in assets and liabilities: (Increase)/decrease in trade and other receivables (Increase)/decrease in other assets (Increase)/decrease in inventories Increase/(decrease) in trade and other payables Increase/(decrease) in employee related provisions Increase/(decrease) in other liabilities Capital grants, subsidies and contributions Net cash provided by/(used in) operating activities		(419) 5,735,641 (71,504) - (3,075,529) 1,632,487 9,957 (30,581) (14,097) 1,117,114 (10,613,712) (2,026,903)	(922) 5,441,519 - 37,060 (258,378) (1,570,956) (91,298) 641,411 26,316 667,644 (2,727,075) 2,413,929
(c) Undrawn Borrowing Facilities			
Credit Standby Arrangements			
Bank overdraft limit		2,500,000	100,000
Bank overdraft at balance date		-	-
Credit card limit		5,000	5,000
Credit card balance at balance date		(2,074)	(1,891)
Total amount of credit unused		2,502,926	103,109
Loan facilities		407.445	404.550
Loan facilities - current		197,445	194,552
Loan facilities - non-current Total facilities in use at balance date		1,341,307 1,538,752	1,533,838 1,728,390
Unused loan facilities at balance date		NIL	NIL

17. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Shire of Murchison was in compliance with the Contaminated Sites Act 2003 section 11 listed sites

- Murchison settlement tip; and
- Murchison works depot

Until the Shire conducts an investigation to determine the presence and scope of contamination, assess the risk and degree with the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation (DWER), the need and criteria for remediation, the Shire is unable to accurately quantify its clean-up liabilities for potential contaminated sites.

The Shire is continuing to monitor the sites and will progressively undertake site investigations and remediation on a risk based approach.

18. CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Contracted for:		
- capital expenditure projects	1,746,441	3,909,892
- plant & equipment purchases	-	281,166
	1,746,441	4,191,058
Payable:		
- not later than one year	1,746,441	4,191,058

The capital expenditure projects outstanding at the end of the current reporting period represent construction of a pool and splash pad, water supply and an ablution facility. The prior year commitments were for construction of roads, water supply and power supply and plant purchases.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

(a) Elected Member Remuneration

Fees, expenses and allowances to be paid or reimbursed to elected council members.	Note	2024 Actual	2024 Budget	2023 Actual
	·-	\$	\$	\$
President's annual allowance		16,032	16,032	14,032
President's meeting attendance fees		14,835	14,835	14,613
President's annual allowance for ICT expenses		2,215	2,215	2,000
President's travel and accommodation expenses		1,991	3,250	6,642
		35,073	36,332	37,287
Deputy President's annual allowance		4,008	4,008	3,508
Deputy President's meeting attendance fees		9,890	9,890	9,742
Deputy President's annual allowance for ICT expenses		2,215	2,215	2,000
Deputy President's travel and accommodation expenses		2,020	3,250	2,020
		18,133	19,363	17,270
All other council member's meeting attendance fees		39,560	39,560	38,968
All other council member's annual allowance for ICT expenses		8,860	8,860	8,000
All other council member's travel and accommodation expenses		7,354	13,000	11,177
		55,774	61,420	58,145
	19(b)	108,980	117,115	112,702
(b) Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation				
The total of compensation paid to KMP of the				
Shire during the year are as follows:				
Short-term employee benefits		447,598		435,108
Post-employment benefits		63,699		52,699
Employee - other long-term benefits		56,240		14,145
Council member costs	19(a)	108,980		112,702
	- (2)	676,517	_	614,654

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary and fringe benefits awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to council members which may be separately found in the table above.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's cost of the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent annual leave and long service leave entitlements accruing during the year.

Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP (Note: may or may not be applicable in any given year).

Council member costs

These amounts represent payments of member fees, expenses, allowances and reimbursements during the year.

19. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties and the Shire are on normal commercial terms and conditions, no more favourable than those available to other parties, unless otherwise stated.

No outstanding balances or provisions for doubtful debts or guarantees exist in relation to related parties at year end.

In addition to KMP compensation above the following transactions occurred with related parties:	2024 Actual	2023 <u>Actual</u> \$
Purchase of goods and services	2,736,698	733,176
Amounts payable to related parties: Trade and other payables	100,665	-

Related Parties

The Shire's main related parties are as follows:

i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the Shire, directly or indirectly, including any council member, are considered key management personnel and are detailed in Notes 19(a) and 19(b).

ii. Other Related Parties

In 2023, a company controlled by a related party of a council member, was awarded a contract under the selective tender process on terms and conditions equivalent for those that prevail in arm's length transactions under the Shire's procurement process.

The contract involved roadworks in the Shire, and amounted to \$2,460,581 in the current year (2023: \$589,626).

During the year, a company controlled by a related party of a close family member of a council member, was awarded a contract under the selective tender process on terms and conditions equivalent for those that prevail in arm's length transactions under the Shire's procurement process.

The contract involved plumbing works, and amounted to \$175,907 in the current year (2023: \$Nil).

In 2023, a company controlled by a related party of a council member, was awarded a contract under the selective tender process on terms and conditions equivalent for those that prevail in arm's length transactions under the Shire's procurement process.

The contract involved roadworks in the Shire, and amounted to \$100,210 in the current year (2023: \$141,350).

In 2023, a company controlled by a related party of a council member, provided water sampling on terms and conditions equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions under the Shire's procurement process.

No services were provided in the current year (2023: \$2,200)

Outside of normal citizen type transactions with the Shire, there were no other related party transactions involving key management personnel and/or their close family members and/or their controlled (or jointly controlled) entities.

iii. Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire

There were no such entities requiring disclosure during the current or previous year.

20. EVENTS OCCURRING AFTER THE END OF THE REPORTING PERIOD

No matters or circumstances have arisen since the end of the financial year which significantly affected or may significantly affect the operations of the Shire.

21. JOINT ARRANGEMENTS

Share of joint operations

The Shire of Murchison has participated in a joint arrangement with the Department of Housing for the construction of eight units in the Murchison Settlement. The provision of housing aims to provide accommodation for Shire employees. The Shire of Murchison has a 15.69% interest in one unit and 0% in the remaining seven units. All revenue and expense as well as liabilities of the joint arrangement are recognised in the relevant financial statements of council.

Statement of Financial Position Actual Actual \$ \$ Buildings 96,273 96,723 Less: Accumulated depreciation (29,751) (25,900) Total assets 66,522 70,823
Buildings 96,273 96,723 Less: Accumulated depreciation (29,751) (25,900)
Less: Accumulated depreciation (29,751) (25,900)
Total assets 66,522 70,823
Total equity 66,522 70,823
Statement of Comprehensive Income
Employee costs (15,245)
Materials and contracts (46,482)
Insurance (15,910) (14,823)
Depreciation (3,850)
Profit/(loss) for the period (81,487) (267,432)
Other comprehensive income
Total comprehensive income for the period (81,487) (267,432)
Statement of Cash Flows
Employee costs (15,245)
Materials and contracts (46,482) (229,354)
Insurance (15,910) (14,823)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities (77,637)

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Joint operations

A joint operation is a joint arrangement where the Shire has joint control with two or more parties to the joint arrangement. All parties to joint arrangement have rights to the assets, and obligations for the liabilities relating to the arrangement.

Assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses relating to the Shire's interest in the joint operation are accounted for in accordance with the relevant Australian Accounting Standard.

22. OTHER MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICIES

a) Goods and services tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

b) Current and non-current classification

The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current or non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

c) Rounding off figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar. Amounts are presented in Australian Dollars.

d) Comparative figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements that has a material effect on the statement of financial position, an additional (third) Statement of Financial Position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial report is presented.

e) Budget comparative figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

f) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

g) Fair value of assets and liabilities

Fair value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

h) Interest revenue

Interest revenue is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset measured at amortised cost except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

i) Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level :

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of the service capacity of an asset.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

i) Impairment of assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount except for non-financial assets that are:

- land and buildings classified as property, plant and equipment;
- infrastructure; or
- vested improvements that the local government controls, in circumstances where there has been an impairment indication of a general decrease in asset values.

These non-financial assets are assessed in accordance with the regulatory framework detailed in Note 10.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116 *Property, Plant and Equipment*) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

23. RATING INFORMATION

(a) General Rates

				2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2023/24	2022/23
			Number	Actual	Actual	Actual	Actual	Budget	Budget	Budget	Actual
RATE TYPE		Rate in	of	Rateable	Rate	Interim	Total	Rate	Interim	Total	Total
Rate Description	Basis of valuation	\$	Properties	Value*	Revenue	Rates	Revenue	Revenue	Rate	Revenue	Revenue
				\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
UV Pastoral	Unimproved valuation	0.08894	22	1,232,910	109,655	(833)	108,822	109,656	-	109,656	59,956
UV Mining	Unimproved valuation	0.16941	25	10,744,029	1,820,146	(1,490,193)	329,953	2,832,029	-	2,832,029	400,840
UV Prospecting and exploration	Unimproved valuation	0.16941	59	1,754,200	297,179	(36,508)	260,671	297,180	-	297,180	184,607
Total general rates			106	13,731,139	2,226,980	(1,527,534)	699,446	3,238,865	-	3,238,865	645,403
		Minimum									
		Payment									
Minimum payment		\$									
UV Pastoral	Unimproved valuation	800	6	19,103	4,800	-	4,800	4,800	-	4,800	4,800
UV Mining	Unimproved valuation	800	5	77,957	4,000	-	4,000	3,200	-	3,200	-
UV Prospecting and exploration	Unimproved valuation	800	18	43,145	14,400	-	14,400	14,400	-	14,400	21,600
Total minimum payments	·		29	140,205	23,200	-	23,200	22,400	-	22,400	26,400
Total general rates and minimum	n payments		135	13,871,344	2,250,180	(1,527,534)	722,646	3,261,265	-	3,261,265	671,803
Discounts											
Concessions							-			-	-
						_	700.040			2 204 205	674.000
Total Rates							722,646			3,261,265	671,803
Rate instalment interest							-			-	-
Rate overdue interest							3,735			5,500	3,980

The rate revenue was recognised from the rate record as soon as practicable after the Shire resolved to impose rates in the financial year as well as when the rate record was amended to 'ensure the information in the record was current and correct.

^{*}Rateable Value at time of raising of rate.

24. DETERMINATION OF SURPLUS OR DEFICIT

	2023/24							
		2023/24	Budget	2023/24	2022/23			
		(30 June 2024	(30 June 2024	(1 July 2023	(30 June 2023			
		Carried	Carried	Brought	Carried			
	Note	Forward)	Forward)	Forward)	Forward			
		\$	\$	\$	\$			
(a) Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities								
The following non-cash revenue or expenditure has been excluded								
from amounts attributable to operating activities within the Statement of								
Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> .								
I mandal Activity in accordance with I mandal management regulation 52.								
Adjustments to operating activities								
Less: Profit on asset disposals		(71,504)	-	-	-			
Less: Movement in receivables for employee related provisions		, ,		4,016	4,016			
Less: Movement in liabilities associated with restricted cash		(49,568)	-	58,654	58,654			
Less: Fair value adjustments to financial assets at fair value through profit or		, ,		•	·			
loss		(419)	-	(922)	(922)			
Add: Loss on revaluation of fixed assets	8(a)	`-	-	37,060	37,060			
Add: Depreciation	10(a)	5,735,641	5,400,127	5,441,519	5,441,519			
Non-cash movements in non-current assets and liabilities:								
Employee benefit provisions		35,471	-	(32,338)	(32,338)			
Non-cash amounts excluded from operating activities		5,649,621	5,400,127	5,507,989	5,507,989			
(b) Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates								
The following current assets and liabilities have been excluded from the net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity in accordance with <i>Financial Management Regulation 32</i> to agree to the surplus/(deficit) after imposition of general rates.								
Adjustments to net current assets								
Less: Reserve accounts	26	(8,229,297)	(6,319,336)	(9,675,984)	(9,675,984)			
Add: Current liabilities not expected to be cleared at end of year	20	(0,223,231)	(0,010,000)	(3,070,304)	(3,070,304)			
- Current portion of borrowings	13	197,445	189,033	194,552	194,552			
- Employee benefit provisions	10	196,861	183,760		246,429			
- Disposal of assets TBA		-	6,519					
Total adjustments to net current assets		(7,834,991)	(5,940,024)	(9,235,003)	(9,235,003)			
		(.,00.,001)	(0,0.0,021)	(3,200,000)	(3,233,330)			
Net current assets used in the Statement of Financial Activity								
Total current assets		12,326,054	8,180,691	12,911,517	12,911,517			
Less: Total current liabilities		(4,047,130)	(2,207,347)	(3,007,272)	(3,007,272)			
Less: Total adjustments to net current assets		(7,834,991)	(5,940,024)	(9,235,003)	(9,235,003)			
Surplus or deficit after imposition of general rates		443,933	33,320	669,242	669,242			

Audit Committee Meeting

SHIRE OF MURCHISON NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

25. BORROWINGS

(a) Borrowings

							Actual							Bud	get	
				Principal	Actual Interest	Actual Interest			Principal	Actual Interest	Actual Interest				Principal	
		Principal at	New Loans	Repayments	Expense During	Repayments	Principal at	New Loans	Repayments	Expense During	Repayments	Principal at	Principal at 1	New Loans	Repayments	Principal at
Purpose	Note	1 July 2022	During 2022-23	During 2022-23	2023-23	During 2022-23	30 June 2023	During 2023-24	During 2023-24	2023-24	During 2023-24	30 June 2024	July 2023	During 2023-24	During 2023-24	30 June 2024
		\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Plant		15,745	-	(14,650)	150	(1,245)	-	-		-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Roadworks in 2020-21		1,914,810	-	(185,598)	52,897	(53,719)	1,728,390	-	(189,033)	36,231	(36,836)	1,538,752	1,722,871	-	(189,033)	1,533,838
Total Borrowings	13	1,930,555	-	(200,248)	53,047	(54,964)	1,728,390	-	(189,033)	36,231	(36,836)	1,538,752	1,722,871	-	(189,033)	1,533,838

All other loan repayments were financed by general purpose revenue.

Borrowing Finance Cost Payments

					Actual for year	Budget for	Actual for year
	Loan			Date final	ending	year ending	ending
Purpose	Number	Institution	Interest Rate	payment is due	30 June 2024	30 June 2024	30 June 2023
					\$	\$	\$
Plant	1	WATC^	3.33%	14-Sep-22	-	-	(150)
Roadworks in 2020-21	2	WATC^	1.84%	28-Oct-31	(36,231)	(30,870)	(52,897)
Total Finance Cost Payments					(36,231)	(30,870)	(53,047)

* WA Treasury Corporation

(b) New Borrowings - 2023/24

There were no new borrowings for the Year Ended 30 June 2024.

(c) Unspent Borrowings

The Shire had no unspent borrowings at 30 June 2024.

(I) Asset Management Reserve

SHIRE OF MURCHISON NOTES TO AND FORMING PART OF THE FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

	2024 Actual Opening	2024 Actual Transfer	2024 Actual Transfer	2024 Actual Closing	2024 Budget Opening	2024 Budget Transfer	2024 Budget Transfer	2024 Budget Closing	2023 Actual Opening	2023 Actual Transfer	2023 Actual Transfer	2023 Actual Closing
26. RESERVE ACCOUNTS	Balance	to	(from)	Balance	Balance	to	(from)	Balance	Balance	to	(from)	Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Restricted by council												
(a) Leave reserve	164,991	1,958	-	166,949	164,992	25,844	-	190,836	139,147	25,844	-	164,991
(b) Plant replacement reserve	1,251,758	-	(443,000)	808,758	1,251,758	-	(443,000)	808,758	1,372,758	296,000	(417,000)	1,251,758
(c) Building reserve	505,853	6,005	-	511,858	505,853	5,325	-	511,178	499,635	6,218	-	505,853
(d) Beringarra- Cue road reserve	1,441,587	110,868	-	1,552,455	1,441,587	10,000	-	1,451,587	3,457,924	48,477	(2,064,814)	1,441,587
(e) CSIRO Beringarra-Pindar road reserve	178,214	2,115	-	180,329	178,213	1,875	-	180,088	176,024	2,190	-	178,214
(f) Flood damage repairs reserve	5,969	-	-	5,969	5,969	75,000	-	80,969	105,969	-	(100,000)	5,969
(g) Settlement assets reserve	581,775	6,708	(191,372)	397,111	581,416	308,961	(600,000)	290,377	522,857	58,918	-	581,775
(h) Road asset reserve	858,912	-	(600,000)	258,912	858,912	-	(600,000)	258,912	858,912	-	-	858,912
(i) Grants Commission reserve	4,685,590	4,334,198	(4,684,984)	4,334,804	4,684,983	-	(4,684,983)	-	3,183,225	4,702,453	(3,200,088)	4,685,590
(j) Community Economic Development reserve	1,335	13	-	1,348	1,335	6,720	-	8,055	-	1,335	-	1,335
(k) Carnarvon-Mullewa Mining Related	-	-	-	-	-	7,500	-	7,500	-	-	-	-
(I) Asset Management Reserve	-	10,804	-	10,804		2,531,076	-	2,531,076				
	9,675,984	4,472,669	(5,919,356)	8,229,297	9,675,018	2,972,301	(6,327,983)	6,319,336	10,316,451	5,141,435	(5,781,902)	9,675,984

All reserves are supported by cash and cash equivalents and financial assets at amortised cost and are restricted within equity as Reserve accounts.

In accordance with council resolutions or adopted budget in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

	Name of reserve account Restricted by council	Purpose of the reserve account
	•	
(a)	Leave reserve	To be used to fund annual and long service leave requirements.
(b)	Plant replacement reserve	To be used for the purchase of plant.
(c)	Building reserve	To be used for the construction\renovation of administration centre and works depot.
(d)	Beringarra- Cue road reserve	To be used to maintain the road in a post Jack Hills mine closure environment by converting the road from bitumen to gravel and performing other associated works as required.
(e)	CSIRO Beringarra-Pindar road reserve	To be used to fund additional maintenance work required for CSIRO traffic.
(f)	Flood damage repairs reserve	To be used towards DRFWA funded flood damage works.
(g)	Settlement assets reserve	To be used to fund and maintain new and upgraded buildings, facilities and infrastructure within the Murchison Settlement.
(h)	Road asset reserve	To be used to fund work for the construction and reconstruction of Councils Road Infrastructure.
(i)	Grants Commission reserve	To ensure that any Grants Commission funds received are only applied to income and expenses in the financial year in which they apply.
	Community Economic Development reserve	To be used to fund actions and activities that support and increase progress in the development of the Shire community and Shire based organisations economically, socially and
(j)	·	culturally.
(k)	Carnarvon-Mullewa Mining Related	To be used to fund works for the construction and reconstruction of the Carnarvon-Mullewa Road as associated with Mining related traffic.

To be used to fund works associated with the short and long-term management of Council's Infrastructure Assets.

27. TRUST FUNDS

The Shire did not have any funds held at balance date over which it has no control.



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT 2024 Shire of Murchison

To the Council of the Shire of Murchison

Opinion

I have audited the financial report of the Shire of Murchison (Shire) which comprises:

- the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2024, the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity, statement of cash flows and statement of financial activity for the year then ended
- notes comprising a summary of material accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In my opinion, the financial report is:

- based on proper accounts and records
- presents fairly, in all material respects, the results of the operations of the Shire for the year ended 30 June 2024 and its financial position at the end of that period
- in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995* (the Act) and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

Basis for opinion

I conducted my audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report section below.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

Other information

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) is responsible for the preparation and the Council for overseeing the other information. The other information is the information in the entity's annual report for the year ended 30 June 2024, but not the financial report and my auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial report does not cover the other information and accordingly, I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial report, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial report or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work I have performed, I conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, I am required to report that fact. I did not receive the other information prior to the date of this auditor's report. When I do receive it, I will read it and if I conclude that there is a material misstatement in this information, I am required to communicate the matter to the CEO and Council and request them to correct the misstated information. If the misstated information is not corrected, I may need to retract this auditor's report and re-issue an amended report.

Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer and Council for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer (CEO) of the Shire is responsible for:

- keeping proper accounts and records
- preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with the requirements of the Act, the Regulations and Australian Accounting Standards
- managing internal control as required by the CEO to ensure the financial report is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the CEO is responsible for:

- assessing the Shire's ability to continue as a going concern
- disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern
- using the going concern basis of accounting unless the State Government has made decisions affecting the continued existence of the Shire.

The Council is responsible for overseeing the Shire's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

As required by the *Auditor General Act 2006*, my responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial report. The objectives of my audit are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of the financial report. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control.

A further description of my responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located on the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website. This description forms part of my auditor's report and can be found at https://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf.

My independence and quality management relating to the report on the financial report

I have complied with the independence requirements of the *Auditor General Act 2006* and the relevant ethical requirements relating to assurance engagements. In accordance with ASQM 1 Quality Management for Firms that Perform Audits or Reviews of Financial Reports and Other Financial Information, or Other Assurance or Related Services Engagements, the Office of the Auditor General maintains a comprehensive system of quality management including documented policies and procedures regarding compliance with ethical requirements, professional standards and applicable legal and regulatory requirements.

Matters relating to the electronic publication of the audited financial report

This auditor's report relates to the financial report of the Shire of Murchison for the year ended 30 June 2024 included in the annual report on the Shire's website. The Shire's management is responsible for the integrity of the Shire's website. This audit does not provide assurance on the integrity of the Shire's website. The auditor's report refers only to the financial report. It does not provide an opinion on any other information which may have been hyperlinked to/from the annual report. If users of the financial report are concerned with the inherent risks arising from publication on a website, they are advised to contact the Shire to confirm the information contained in the website version.

Carly Meagher

Bales

Acting Senior Director Financial Audit Delegate of the Auditor General for Western Australia Perth, Western Australia 28 November 2024

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28 November 2024

Our Ref: 2.1

Ms Caroline Spencer Auditor General Office of the Auditor General 7th Floor, Albert Facey House 469 Wellington Street PERTH WA 6000



PO Box 61, Mullewa WA 6630 T | (08) 9963 7999 F | (08) 9963 7966 E | admin@murchison.wa.gov.au ABN 63 002 218 762 murchison.wa.gov.au

Dear Ms Spencer

REPRESENTATION LETTER IN RESPECT OF THE SHIRE OF MURCHISON'S ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024

This representation letter is provided in connection with your audit of the Shire of Murchison's annual financial report for the year ended 30 June 2024 for the purpose of expressing an opinion as to whether the annual financial report is fairly presented in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995*, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.

We submit the following representations for the year ended 30 June 2024 after making appropriate enquiries and according to the best of our knowledge and belief. This representation covers all material items in each of the categories listed below.

1. General

- (a) We have fulfilled our responsibilities, as set out in the terms of the audit engagement, for the preparation and fair presentation of the annual financial report in accordance with the *Local Government Act 1995*, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996 and, to the extent that they are not inconsistent with the Act, Australian Accounting Standards.
- (b) We have advised your auditors of all material contentious methods used in the presentation of the financial report.
- (c) There have been no changes in accounting policies or application of those policies that would have a material effect on the financial report.
- (d) The prior period comparative information in the financial report has not been restated.
- (e) Significant assumptions used by us in making accounting estimates, including those measured at fair value, are reasonable. We confirm the disclosures related to accounting estimates are complete and appropriate.
- (f) We have established and maintained an adequate internal control structure and adequate financial records as we have determined are necessary to facilitate the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

- (g) We have provided your auditors with:
 - (i) Access to all information of which we are aware that is relevant to the preparation of the financial report, such as records, documentation and other matters.
 - (ii) Additional information that your auditors have requested for the purpose of the audit.
 - (iii) Unrestricted access to staff and councillors of the Shire from whom your auditors determined it necessary to obtain audit evidence.
- (h) All transactions have been recorded in the accounting and other records and are reflected in the financial report.
- (i) All internal audit reports and reports resulting from other management reviews, including legal issues and legal opinions which have the capacity to be relevant to the fair presentation of the financial report including, where relevant, minutes of meetings, have been brought to your auditors' attention and made available to them.
- (j) We have advised your auditors of all known instances of non-compliance or suspected non-compliance with laws and regulations, and all known data or security breaches whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial report.
- (k) We have provided to your auditors the results of our assessment of the risk that the financial report may be materially misstated as a result of fraud.
- (I) No frauds or suspected frauds affecting the Shire involving:
 - (i) management
 - (ii) employees who have significant roles in internal control; or
 - (iii) others where the fraud could have a material effect on the financial statements have occurred to the knowledge of management of the Shire.
- (m) To our knowledge no allegations of fraud or suspected fraud affecting the Shire's financial report has been communicated to us by employees, former employees, analysts, regulators or others.
- (n) We have disclosed to your auditors all known actual or possible litigation and claims whose effects should be considered when preparing the financial report, and they have been accounted for and disclosed in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards.

2. Fair value measurements and disclosures

We confirm that where assets and liabilities are recorded at fair value, the value attributed to these assets and liabilities is the fair value.

We confirm that the carrying amount of each revalued physical non-current asset does not materially differ from its fair value at the end of the reporting period. Significant fair value assumptions, including those with high estimation uncertainty, are reasonable.

We confirm the measurement methods, including related assumptions and data used by management in determining fair values are appropriate and have been consistently applied. We confirm that the fair value disclosures in the financial report are complete and appropriate.

3. Going concern

We confirm that the going concern basis of accounting is appropriate for the annual financial report.

4. Contingent liabilities

There are no material contingent liabilities at year end that have not been completely and adequately disclosed in the Notes to the financial report.

5. Commitments for capital expenditure

Other than those commitments reported in the Notes to the financial report, there were no significant commitments for capital expenditure contracts carrying over at year end.

6. Contaminated sites

We are aware of our obligations under the *Contaminated Sites Act 2003* and have reported to the Department of Water and Environmental Regulation, all land owned, vested or leased by the Shire that is known to be, or is suspected of being, contaminated. All provisions or contingent liabilities, if any, have been recognised and/or disclosed in the financial report as appropriate.

7. Related entities

We acknowledge our responsibility under section 17(1) of the *Auditor General Act 2006* (as applied by section 7.12AL of the *Local Government Act 1995*) to give written notice to you if any of the Shire's functions are being performed in partnership or jointly with another person or body, through the instrumentality of another person or body, and/or by means of a trust.

We confirm that we have provided the Auditor General with details of all related entities in existence at 30 June 2024.

8. Related parties

We have disclosed to your auditors the identity of the Shire's related parties, as defined in Australian Accounting Standards, of which we are aware, and all the related party relationships and transactions of which we are aware. These include the Shire's key management personnel and their related parties, including their close family members and their controlled and jointly controlled entities.

We have appropriately accounted for and disclosed such relationships and transactions in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards.

9. Key management personnel compensation

We confirm the Shire's key management personnel have not received any other remuneration, consideration or in-kind benefit (except amounts being reimbursements for out-of-pocket expenses) which has not been included in the compensation disclosed in the Notes to the financial report.

10. Subsequent events

No matters or occurrences have come to our attention between the date of the financial report and the date of this letter which would materially affect the financial report or disclosures therein, or which are likely to materially affect the future results or operations of the Shire.

11. Internal control

We acknowledge our responsibility for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control to prevent and detect fraud.

12. Insurance

We have established procedures to assess the adequacy of insurance cover on all assets and insurable risks. We believe, where appropriate, assets and insurable risks are adequately covered by insurance.

13. Risk management

We confirm that we have established and maintained a risk management framework that is appropriate to the Shire.

14. Accounting misstatements

There are no uncorrected misstatements in the financial report.

15. Electronic presentation of the audited annual financial report and auditor's report

- (a) We acknowledge that we are responsible for the electronic presentation of the annual financial report.
- (b) We will ensure that the electronic version of the audited annual financial report and the auditor's report presented on the Shire's website is the same as the final signed versions of the audited annual financial report and the auditor's report.
- (c) We have clearly differentiated between audited and unaudited information in the construction of Shire's website and understand the risk of potential misrepresentation in the absence of appropriate controls.
- (d) We have assessed the security controls over the audited annual financial report and the auditor's report and are satisfied that procedures in place are adequate to ensure the integrity of the information provided.
- (e) We will ensure that where the auditor's report on the annual financial report is provided on the website, the annual financial report is also provided in full.

16. Other (unaudited) information in the annual report

We will provide the final version of the annual report to you when available, to enable you to complete your required procedures.

Director Corporate Services (or the equivalent)

28 November 2024

Date

Name: Travis Bate Financial Accountant RSM

Chief Executive Officer

28 November 2024

Date

Name: William James Boehm

SHIRE OF MURCHISON

PERIOD OF AUDIT: YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 FINDINGS IDENTIFIED DURING THE FINAL AUDIT

	Index of findings Pot imp a op			Prior year finding		
			Significant	Moderate	Minor	
1.	Bank signatories not current	No		√		

Key to ratings

The Ratings in this management letter are based on the audit team's assessment of risks and concerns with respect to the probability and/or consequence of adverse outcomes if action is not taken. We give consideration to these potential adverse outcomes in the context of both quantitative impact (for example financial loss) and qualitative impact (for example inefficiency, non-compliance, poor service to the public or loss of public confidence).

- Significant Those findings where there is potentially a significant risk to the entity should the finding not be addressed by the entity promptly. A significant rating could indicate the need for a modified audit opinion in the current year, or in a subsequent reporting period if not addressed. However even if the issue is not likely to impact the audit opinion, it should be addressed promptly.
- **Moderate -** Those findings which are of sufficient concern to warrant action being taken by the entity as soon as practicable.
- **Minor -** Those findings that are not of primary concern but still warrant action being taken.

SHIRE OF MURCHISON

PERIOD OF AUDIT: YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2024 FINDINGS IDENTIFIED DURING THE FINAL AUDIT

1. Bank signatories not current

Finding

We noted that the authorised bank signatories listed on the bank confirmation include 5 former employees of the Shire.

Rating: Moderate

Implication

The Shire faces the risk of unauthorised access to its bank funds.

Recommendation

Management must ensure that when employees leave the employment of the Shire, the bank is informed to remove their authority on the Shire's bank accounts.

Management comment

Former employees will be removed as signatories.

The noted former employees predate the current administration and although they were listed on the confirmation their electronic access had been disabled.

The current termination checklist incorporates a procedure to ensure that terminated employees are removed as bank signatories.

Responsible person: Executive Manager/DCEO

Completion date: November 2024