

Western Australia

Annual Report

For the year ending 30 June 2017

Adopted by Council 16 December 2017

Annual Report 2016-17

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APPENDED: AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND AUDITOR'S REPORT

APPENDED: FREEDOM OF INFORMATION STATEMENT

SHIRE DETAILS



2016-17 Annual Report

Shire Information

Murchison Shire Location Shire Office and Chambers Postal Address Telephone Facsimile E-mail Web Page Office Hours Road Condition Reports

3007 Carnarvon Mullewa Road, Murchison WA 6630 PO Box 61, MULLEWA WA 6630 (08) 9963 7999 (08) 9963 7966 admin@murchison.wa.gov.au www.murchison.wa.gov.au 8.00am to 5.00pm Monday to Friday 24 Hours/7 Days at www.murchison.wa.gov.au/road conditions

The Shire of Murchison covers an area of approximately 49,500 square kilometres in the Murchison sub region of Western Australia which consists of 7 shires. The Shire Settlement is situated on 708 hectares excised from the Wooleen pastoral lease and vested in the Council 200 km north of Mullewa on the Carnarvon Mullewa Road.

History of the Shire

The name of Murchison was given to the region back in 1839 by early explorer Lt George Grey. He named the area in honour of Sir Roderick Impey Murchison who was the President of the Royal Geographical Society of London. The Murchison and Roderick rivers were also named in his honour. The Shire's logo is based on the coat of arms of the Murchison family.

Population and Employees

With a population of 157 (Australian Bureau of Statistics 2016) and 112 electors, Murchison is the second least populated Local Government in Australia. Another unique feature is that it is thought to be the only Shire in Australia without a gazetted town site. The District and Shire centre is the Murchison Settlement, population nineteen. Council has 12 full time employees.

Location of Shire and Industry

The Shire of Murchison lies within the Mid West region of Western Australia. The Settlement is 650 kilometres north of Perth via the Carnarvon Mullewa road and 300 kilometres north east of Geraldton.

The surrounding country is mainly used for pastoral purposes, predominantly cattle and sheep. Tourism is developing within the region with some stations becoming involved in station stays and with the Murchison Oasis Caravan Park and motel units located at the settlement providing facilities for tourists. The Murchison Radio Astronomy site (MRO) has been developed by CSIRO on a portion of the Boolardy pastoral lease and will be the location for the Australian component of the Square Kilometre Array which will be developed in future years as part of an international ground breaking science project with state of the art radio telescopes gathering data on the universe and beyond. There are also a few mines in exploration stage within the shire.

Legend of the Emblem

The crest we use in the shire today is based on the Murchison Family Coat of Arms. The Murchison family name originated in the remote western coast of Scotland and the Hebrides Islands. The crest is comprised of a lion rampant on an Or (gold) backing, between two pineapples on chief vert (green) and an escallop in base azure (blue).



Western Australia

- **OR GOLD** In heraldry indicates generosity, valour and perseverance all characteristics of Murchison people.
- **VERT GREEN** Represents hope vitality and plenty.
- AZURE BLUE Indicates loyalty and splendour.
- **PINEAPPLES** Have long been the traditional symbol of hospitality and good fortune; a pleasant connotation—Mt Welcome.
- **ESCALLOP** Indicates travel and can mean having been on Holy Crusade

PRESIDENT'S REPORT



Hello All,

I feel the Shire of Murchison has had a productive 2016/2017 financial year, performing the usual services of road maintenance, Settlement upkeep and office support for community needs, while continuing with or completing a couple of new initiatives.

Sadly, some long term Murchison families moved away from the district during this time and I wish Natalie and Simon, Carolyn and Mark, and Bridget and Reg all the best in their future endeavours.

From a Shire perspective, I would like to thank Simon and Mark for their many years of community service as local council members.

In late April Tom Seaman passed away, which was a sad time for the district. Our condolences to the Seaman family.

Dianne Daniels stood down as CEO in June and has been replaced by our former deputy CEO Peter Dittrich. Council was pleased to be able to "recruit from within" in employing Peter because it enabled him to hit the ground running, so to speak. We wish Dianne and John all the best as they set up camp in Geraldton.

The office admin crew was very stable throughout the year, providing consistent good service to those that required it and I thank them very much for that.

The two significant flood damage road repair contracts being carried out within the Shire were completed by June the 30th and by all accounts the restored roads were certainly appreciated by locals and visitors alike. The Shire continues to be a bit frustrated at the unnecessarily long time it seems to take between a major flood event and actually getting crews on the roads to begin restoration work and we appreciate the community's patience with this. The flood damage process -which involves declaration by Government that the flood event is a natural disaster, an inspection by an approved engineer accompanied by our works supervisor, sending the application to the Federal Govt for approval and then, if approval is given, calling for and awarding tenders - always seems to take a fair while, regardless of best intentions.

The road construction and maintenance crews continue their seemingly never ending programmes under the guidance of Brian Wundenburg, with good access throughout the shire being reward for their persistent efforts.

Speaking of Brian, he had a nasty prang with his arm versus a sign last summer and, while I don't have to live with him all the time and listen to him complaining like poor old Sharon does, he seems to have come through the re-hab pretty well and it is good to have him back on deck.

The Settlement grounds and the roadhouse continue to provide a welcoming atmosphere for those visiting and I thank all those involved.

Some motions that have come before Council recently include:

- Community Branding
- Settlement drinking water supply
- Settlement power supply options
- SKA access road agreement negotiations
- Implementing a grid policy
- Extensive research into the most practical way forward for the future of the Beringarra/Cue road surface.
- Awarding the tender for the extending of the sealed road south of the Balinyoo Bridge

At the Christmas-Tree function held in December, in recognition of their outstanding volunteer contributions to the community over an extended period of time, awards were presented to Carol McTaggart, Carolyn Halleen and Natalie Broad. Having people of substance, such as these three, within our shire certainly provides some good energy to just "get things done".

It has been really heartening to see a young family move into the district at Murgoo and I welcome Jocelyn, Josh, Bella and Eliza. We also have new owners at Tallering, Wandina and Pine Grove and it's great to see positive change happening at these places.

Thank you to my fellow councillors – I have enjoyed being part of a team that I feel has done some good work in helping the district navigate through another year.

The Shire Council exists to represent the best interests of the community and I encourage all community members to contact councillors with any questions, suggestions or issues relating to the Shire they may have. Also please remember everyone is welcome to attend Ordinary Council Meetings.

Rossco Foulkes-Taylor President

Shire of Murchison

ELECTED MEMBERS REPORT

Councillors

As at 30 June 2017:

President:	Cr Rossco Foulkes-Taylor	Term expires 2019
Deputy President:	Cr Miles Williams	Term expires 2017
Members:	Cr Quinten Fowler	Term expires 2019
	Cr Andrew Whitmarsh	Term expires 2019
	Cr Emma Foulkes-Taylor	Term expires 2017
	Cr Simon Broad	Retired December 2016
	Cr Mark Halleen	Retired March 2017

Attendance at Council Meetings

There were 11 Ordinary Meetings and 2 Special Meetings of Council held between 1 July 2016 and 30 June 2017. A breakdown of Councillors' presence at meetings is detailed in the table below, for Councillors that are and have been in office during the financial year.

Councillor	Ordinary Meeting	Special Meeting
President Rossco Foulkes-Taylor	11/11	7/7
Deputy President Miles Williams	10/11	7/7
Cr Andrew Whitmarsh	10/11	7/7
Cr Quinten Fowler	2/2	2/2
Cr Emma Foulkes Taylor	11/11	7/7
Cr Simon Broad	6/6	1/1
Cr Mark Halleen	8/8	2/2

There were seven Special Meetings of Council held during the 2016-17 financial year:

- 1. Meeting to review Draft Budget;
- 2. Meeting to discuss CEO review and road inspection
- 3. Meeting to elect Office Bearers, to review/adopt Strategic Community Plan, and to discuss the Annual Road Inspection
- 4. Meeting to consider the vacancy left by the resignation of President Halleen
- 5. Meeting to consider the process for the selection of a new CEO; and to appoint Delegates to Murchison Country Zone of WALGA and to nominate representatives from the Delegates to participate in the Murchison Country Zone of WALGA extra-ordinary elections for Delegate and Deputy Delegate to WALGA State Council
- 6. Meeting to discuss Budget Variation swap 16/17 and 17/18 Regional Road Group Projects
- 7. Meeting to interview an applicant for the Chief Executive Officer position

Other internal meetings attended included Audit Committee, Local Emergency Management Committee, Plant Working Group, Wild Dog Working Group, Astrofest Committee, Tender Assessment Panels, and Bridge Opening Committee.

External meetings attended as Council representatives included Regional Road Group and Murchison sub Regional Road Group, SKA Stakeholders and WALGA Zone Meeting (Cue Parliament).

During the 2016-17 Financial Year two staff left the Shire. The CEO Dianne Daniels retired in June 2017. We are grateful for her leadership and the dedication that she displayed during her term as CEO. We wish her and John well in their retirement. Also in August 2016 Linda Grey left the Shire to join the Shire of Lake Grace as Deputy CEO.

The Shire is fortunate to have a dedicated and committed Council. With their leadership and a motivated staff we have a strong team working for our community.

The replacement of the Ballinyoo Bridge was a major project which the community and successive councils and CEO's worked tirelessly to achieve. The opening of the bridge in September was well received and attended. Thank you to all those that gave their time to ensuring the success of this project.

The January/February rain event which caused extensive damage across the state resulted in \$6.4mil damage within our Shire. The repair work will be funded by WANDRRA and it is expected that contractors will begin working on the damaged areas in early 2017-18. The Shire will establish a line of credit to manage cash flows during the project to cover the gap between contractor payment made by the Shire and reimbursement from WANDRRA.

An Extraordinary Local Government election was held in April 2017. We had one seat vacant in the Darlot Ward. We welcomed Cr Quinten Fowler to the Council who replaces the retired Cr Simon Broad. The ward system was reviewed during the year and Council adopted a district system and elections will no longer be held for wards but rather for the Shire as a whole.

The Lawn Bowls Rink was installed and ready for a Christmas party roll. 2016-17 didn't see the rink put to a lot of use and so we are keen for community members to join together and make the most of this great facility. Bunbury Bowling Club donated sets of used bowls and the Shire purchased a number of new bowls. The bowls are available for community member use.

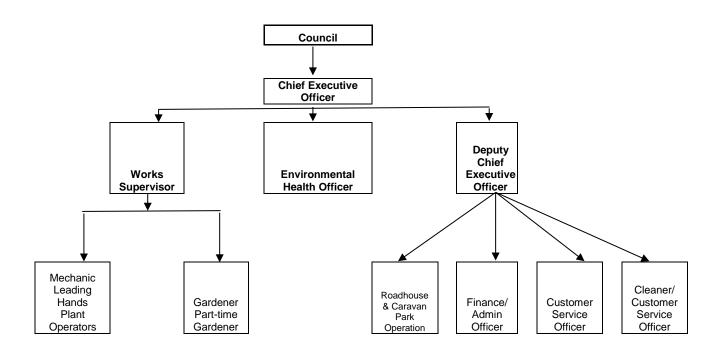
The Shire of Murchison is one of the very few Local Governments in WA to provide water and power to the community. At the start of the 2017 calendar year one of the settlement generators ceased and was replaced by a quitter and more powerful generator. A large portion of the cost was funded by insurance.

A community workshop was held during the year to review the Community Strategic Plan. I wish to thank all those that participated in the workshop and in the related surveys. This work has allowed your council to drive the strategic vision of the community, which is documented in the Shire of Murchison Strategic Community Plan.

Peter Dittrich Chief Executive Officer 5th December 2017

SHIRE OF MURCHISON ORGANISATION STRUCTURE

Structure as at 30th June 2017



Administration Staff

Chief Executive Officer Deputy Chief Executive Officer Finance Officer/Administration Officer Customer Service Officer Cleaner/Customer Service Officer (Part Time)

Works Staff

Works Supervisor Leading Hand - Construction Leading Hand - Maintenance Mechanic Plant Operator Plant Operator Plant Operator Plant Operator Plant Operator Gardener Gardener (Part Time)

Environmental Health Officer/Building Surveyor

Contract Ranger

Mr Peter Dittrich Vacant Mrs Sharon Wundenberg Mrs Peta Panting Mrs Vicki Dumbris

Mr Brian Wundenberg Mr Barry Panting Mr Neil Combe Mr Stuart Broad Mr Glen Pinnegar Mr Ivor Dumbris Mr William Herold Vacant Mr Mark Jones Mr Ryan Prow Mr Jarrod Flynn

Mr Phillip Swain

Mr Peter Smith – Canine Control

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SRATEGIC COMMUNITY PLAN

Pursuant to Section 5.56 of the Local Government Act 1995 and Regulations 19C and 19DA of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996, "a local government is to ensure that a strategic community plan is made for its district" and "a local government is to ensure that a corporate business plan is made for its district".

Section 5.53(e) of the Local Government Act 1995 requires local governments to include in its Annual Report an overview of the Plan for the Future including major initiatives planned to commence or continue in the next year. In accordance with Integrated Planning and Reporting Requirements, the Shire of Murchison has developed a ten year Strategic Community Plan, a fifteen year Long Term Financial Plan and a four year Corporate Business Plan.

The shire's vision is *working together to preserve the unique character of the shire, supporting diverse and sustainable lifestyle and economic opportunities.*

The Strategic Community Plan was originally developed in 2013, after extensive community consultation to cover the four major categories of Economic, Environmental, Social and Civic Leadership. The Plan reflects the Community's vision for the future and is the principal strategic guide for our future planning and activities. A full review of the plan was undertaken and the revised 2016/17 to 2026/27 Strategic Community Plan was adopted by absolute majority of Council on the 29th March 2017.

Action	Project	2017-18 \$	2018-19 \$	2019-20 \$	2020-21 \$
4.3.1.2	Plant replacement	608,215	958,636	461,132	493,978
4.3.1.2	Plant and equipment renewals - minor plant	15,000	15,300	15,606	15,918
3.1.1.1	Chlorinator	50,000			
2.3.1.2	Fertigation	15,000			
2.2.1.1.	Green energy solution		1,100,000		
3.2.1.3	DFES - fast attack			120,000	
1.1.1.3	Road construction and renewal	7,307,942	1,402,899	1,424,529	1,826,808
3.1.1.1	Other Infrastructure	7,677			
1.1.1.3	Historic Ballinyoo bridge span	15,000			
3.1.1.3	Cemetery beautification	20,000			
1.1.1.3	Storage bunkers for road building materials		25,000		
4.3.1.2	Furniture and equipment renewals	15,000	15,300	15,606	15,918
1.2.1.1	Interpretive centre		1,500,000		
1.2.1.2	Backpackers accommodation and campers kitchen		500,000		
3.1.1.1	Extend administration offices				500,000
3.1.1.1	Sheds for residential houses	62,000			
3.1.1.1	Staff housing	750,000			
3.1.1.1	Administration office carports				45,000
3.2.1.3	First aid transfer room	80,000			
3.1.1.1	Sports club bbq rotunda		30,000		
3.1.1.1	Tyre storage	10,000			
3.1.3.2	Community centre - renewal		50,000		

Major items included in the plan for the next four years are:-

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NATIONAL COMPETITION POLICY

In 1995 the Council of Australian Governments entered into a number of agreements, collectively known as the National Competition Policy. Local government is affected mainly where it operates significant business activities which compete, or could compete, with private sector businesses.

Local government will also be affected where local laws unnecessarily affect competition.

Local Government is required to comply with certain policies contained within the National Competition Policy Statement and report on progress in connection with Competitive Neutrality Principles and review of Local Laws.

It is Council's responsibility to determine whether it is engaged in "significant business activities" within the context of its operations and therefore whether it is required to apply the competitive neutrality principles. Local government is only required to implement the above principles to the extent that the benefits to be realised from implementation outweigh the costs in respect of individual business activities exceeding an annual income of \$500,000.

Regarding Council's responsibilities in relation to National Competition Policy and Competitive Neutrality, the Shire reports that:

- Council does not undertake any business enterprises that are classified as either a Public Trading Enterprise or Public Financial Enterprise.
- Competitive neutrality has not been applied to any activities undertaken by the Shire in 2016-17 and no allegations of non-compliance with competitive neutrality principals have been made by any private entity.
- The Shire continues to monitor Council Polices and Local Laws for anti-competitive practices.

REGISTER OF CERTAIN COMPLAINTS OF MINOR BREACHES

Local Government Act sections 5.121 and 5.110 (6) (b) or (c)

The Act requires the annual report to contain details about entries made during the financial year in the register of complaints, including-

- □ the number of complaints; and
- □ how the recorded complaints were dealt with; and
- □ any other details that the regulations may require.

Generally a minor breach is a breach of a local law or code of conduct and the action taken may be public censure, making the person say sorry or sending them to training. A register must be kept of all such breaches.

The Shire of Murchison, in accordance with s5.120 of the Local Government Act 1995, does not have a designated Complaints Officer and so the Chief Executive Officer fulfils this role in terms of subsection (2).

The Shire reports no complaints as defined under s5.110 (6) (b) or (c) of the Act for the period ending 30 June 2017.

PUBLIC INTEREST DISCLOSURES

The *Public Interest Disclosure Act 2003* facilitates the disclosure of public interest information and provides protection for those making such disclosure and those who are the subject of disclosures. The Act provides a system for the matters disclosed to be investigated and for appropriate action to be taken.

The Chief Executive Officer is the designated responsible officer under the Act and has complied with all obligations. There were no disclosures or complaints lodged during 2016-17.

DISABLITY ACCESS AND INCLUSION PLAN

The Disability Services Act 1993 states at 29 (2) that a local government or regional local government that has a disability access and inclusion plan must include in its annual report prepared under section 5.53 of the Local Government Act 1995 a report about the implementation of the plan.

The Murchison Shire Council Disability Access & Inclusion Plan was originally adopted in July 2008, then reviewed in the later part of 2015 and the review adopted by Council in February 2016, after community consultation. The Disability Access and inclusion Plan 2016–2020 includes seven outcomes and underpinning strategies to ensure that people with disability have the same opportunities as other people to access the services of public authority.

The seven outcomes and achievements against strategies for 2016-17 are:

1. People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to access the services of and any events organised by a public authority.

Achievement against Strategies:

- Shire services are monitored to ensure equitable access and inclusion, especially in regard to events being organised or funded;
- the DAIP is considered a living document and is inclusive to all shire plans and strategies.
- 2. People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to access the buildings and other facilities of public authority.

Achievement against Strategies:

- consideration is given to providing wheelchair access for all new development works;
- all recreational areas are accessible.
- 3. People with disability receive information from a public authority in a format that will enable them to access the information as readily as other people are able to access it. Achievement against Strategies:
 - All Shire information is available in alternative format upon request;
 - Staff are aware;
 - Website meets contemporary good practice.
- 4. People with disability receive the same level and quality of service from the staff of a public authority as other people receive from the staff of that public authority.

Achievement against Strategies:

- Staff and Council are aware of disability issues and provide a high standard of customer service to all who attend the Shire.
- 5. People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to make complaints to public authority.

Achievement against Strategies:

- Grievance mechanisms are in place, but have not yet been utilised by any people with disability.
- 6. People with disability have the same opportunities as other people to participate in any public consultation by a public authority.

Achievement against Strategies:

- Through our website, people with disability are encouraged to participate in any public consultation.
- 7. People with disability have the same opportunity as other people to obtain and maintain employment with public authority.

Achievement against Strategies:

- People with disability are encouraged to apply for any employment with the Shire.

INFORMATION ABOUT CERTAIN EMPLOYEES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

In accordance with Section 5.53 (2) (g) of the Local government Act 1995 and Regulation 19B of the Local Government (Administration) Regulations 1996, there are two employees entitled to an annual salary of \$100,000 per annum or more.

The following information relates to employee remuneration bands and the number of employees within each band:

Salary Band	Number of Employees
\$100,000 to \$109,999	
\$110,000 to \$119,999	0
\$120,000 to \$129,999	1
\$130,000 to \$139,999	1

FREEDOM OF INFORMATION

The *Freedom of Information Act 1992* (FOI Act) that came into effect on 1 November 1993, created a general right of access to documents held by state and local government agencies. The FOI Act requires agencies, including local governments, to make available details about the kind of information they hold and enables persons to ensure that personal information held by government agencies about them is "accurate, complete, up to date and not misleading".

It is the aim of the Shire of Murchison to make information available promptly, at the least possible cost and wherever possible, documents will be provided outside the freedom of information (FOI) process.

An updated information statement will be published at least every twelve months. It is intended that the statement be included in the Annual Report and received each year at the Annual Electors meeting.

Section 96(1) of the Freedom of Information Act 1992 requires each government agency, including local governments, to prepare and publish annually an Information Statement. The Information Statement must set out: -

• The Agency's Mission Statement.

- Details of legislation administered.
- Details of the agency structure.
- Details of decision-making functions.
- Opportunities for public participation in the formulation of policy and performance of agency functions.
- Documents held by the agency.
- The operation of FOI in the agency.

The Shire of Murchison Information Statement 2017 is attached.

RECORD KEEPING

Background

The State Records Act 2000 requires that the Shire maintains and disposes of all records in the prescribed matter. An organisation and its employees must comply with the organisations record keeping plan.

The Shire of Murchison has prepared a Record Keeping Plan that is considered to comply with the Act. The record keeping plan is to provide evidence to address that –

- The efficiency and effectiveness of the shires record keeping system is evaluated not less than once every 5 years.
- The shire conducts a record keeping training program.
- Information sessions are conducted for staff as required.
- The Shire's Induction Program for new employees includes an introduction to the local government's recordkeeping system and program, and information on their recordkeeping responsibilities.

Review

The State Records Act 2000 s.28 (5) requires that Records Keeping Plan must be reviewed at least every five years. Between reviews, the implementation/continuation of requirements is to be further developed.

The Shire of Murchison completed a full review of its' record keeping plan in November 2013 which was submitted to and accepted by the State Records Office. A review of the original plan is underway and will be presented to Council well before the November 2018 deadline.

SHIRE OF MURCHISON

FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

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Principal place of business: Carnarvon - Mullewa Road Murchison Settlement Western Australia

SHIRE OF MURCHISON FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

LOCAL GOVERNMENT ACT 1995 LOCAL GOVERNMENT (FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT) REGULATIONS 1996

STATEMENT BY CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

The attached financial report of the Shire being the annual financial report and supporting notes and other information for the financial year ended 30th June 2017 are in my opinion properly drawn up to present fairly the financial position of the Shire at 30th June 2017 and the results of the operations for the financial year then ended in accordance with the Australian Accounting Standards and comply with the provisions of the Local Government Act 1995 and the regulations under that Act.

Signed as authorisation of issue on the Fifth day of December 2017

Peter Dittrich Chief Executive Officer

SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY NATURE OR TYPE FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

	NOTE	2017 \$	2017 Budget \$	2016 \$
Revenue				
Rates	21	382,924	380,726	372,152
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions	28	10,146,884	10,701,560	5,163,850
Fees and charges	27	254,610	233,166	221,016
Interest earnings	2(a)	91,668	63,158	173,855
Other revenue	2(a)	238,816	10,050	126,624
		11,114,902	11,388,660	6,057,497
Expenses				
Employee costs		(1,070,684)	(1,209,399)	(992,211)
Materials and contracts		(4,278,992)	(4,245,112)	(5,300,383)
Utility charges		(1,713)	0	0
Depreciation on non-current assets	2(a)	(3,177,662)	(3,186,203)	(3,210,329)
Insurance expenses		(165,338)	(178,104)	(171,171)
Other expenditure		(142,707)	(131,929)	(122,558)
		(8,837,096)	(8,950,747)	(9,796,652)
		2,277,806	2,437,913	(3,739,155)
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions	28	1,442,989	1,100,259	1,472,999
Profit on asset disposals	19	0	500	0
(Loss) on asset disposals	19	(4,670)	(88,563)	(94,903)
(Loss) on revaluation of furniture and equipment	6(b)	0	0	(24,579)
(Loss) on revaluation of Infrastructure - Bridges	7(b)	(90,983)	0	0
Net result		3,625,142	3,450,109	(2,385,638)
Other comprehensive income				
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to pr	ofit or los	5		
Changes on revaluation of non-current assets	11	1,873,064	0	(14,218)
Total other comprehensive income		1,873,064	0	(14,218)
Total comprehensive income		5,498,206	3,450,109	(2,399,856)

SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME BY PROGRAM FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

Revenue 19,439 8,940 13,500 General purpose funding 5,748,433 3,912,643 2,222,128 Law, order, public safety 16,414 7,700 10,746 Housing 3,825 4,290 3,345 Community amenities 0 0 255 Recreation and culture 1,817 1,000 3,140 Transport 4,856,869 7,146,543 3,454,470 Economic services 131,053 217,992 234,170 Other property and services 155,052 89,552 109,743 Governance (501,336) (517,807) (394,462) General purpose funding (29,082) (13,205) (28,83) Law, order, public safety (91,384) (85,801) (85,007) Health (18,121) (24,370) (23,710) Housing (5,420) (4,230) (11,110) Community amenities (43,649) (89,503) (69,063) Recreation and culture (318,638) (28,611) (263,909) </th <th></th> <th>NOTE</th> <th>2017 \$</th> <th>2017 Budget \$</th> <th>2016 \$</th>		NOTE	2017 \$	2017 Budget \$	2016 \$
General purpose funding5,748,4333,912,6432,228,128Law, order, public safety16,4147,70010,746Housing3,8254,2903,345Community amenities00255Recreation and culture1,8171,0003,140Transport4,856,8697,146,5433,454,470Economic services313,053217,992234,170Other property and services155,05289,552109,743Governance(501,336)(517,807)(394,462)General purpose funding(29,082)(31,205)(28,883)Law, order, public safety(91,384)(85,801)(85,007)Health(18,121)(24,370)(23,710)Housing(5,420)(4,290)(11,110)Community amenities(43,649)(89,503)(69,063)Recreation and culture(318,638)(286,611)(263,099)Transport(7,081,555)(7,060,255)(8,097,051)Economic services22,277,8062,437,913(3,739,155)Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions281,442,9891,100,2591,472,999Profit on disposal of assets1905000(24,579)(Loss) on revaluation of Infrastructure - Bridges7(b)(30,983)00Other comprehensive income19(4,670)(88,563)(94,903)(Loss) on revaluation of Infrastructure - Bridges7(b)(30,983)00Other comprehe	Revenue				
Law, order, public safety 16,414 7,700 10,746 Housing 3,825 4,290 3,345 Community amenities 0 0 255 Recreation and culture 1,817 1,000 3,140 Transport 4,856,869 7,146,543 3,454,470 Economic services 313,053 217,992 234,170 Other property and services 155,052 89,552 109,743 Governance (501,336) (517,807) (394,462) General purpose funding (29,082) (31,205) (28,883) Law, order, public safety (91,384) (85,801) (85,007) Health (18,121) (24,370) (23,710) Housing (5,420) (4,24) (11,110) Community amenities (43,649) (89,503) (69,063) Recreation and culture (318,638) (286,611) (263,909) Transport (7,081,555) (7,060,255) (8,097,051) Economic services (821,977) (83,0120) (771,313) Other property and services 19 0	Governance		19,439	8,940	13,500
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Community amenities 0 0 255 Recreation and culture 1,817 1,000 3,140 Transport 4,856,869 7,146,543 3,454,470 Commic services 313,053 217,992 234,170 Other property and services 155,052 89,552 109,743 Expenses 11,114,902 11,388,660 6,057,497 Governance (501,336) (517,807) (394,462) General purpose funding (29,082) (31,205) (28,883) Law, order, public safety (91,384) (85,001) (85,007) Health (18,121) (24,370) (23,710) Housing (5,420) (4,290) (11,110) Community amenities (43,649) (89,503) (69,063) Recreation and culture (318,638) (286,611) (263,909) Transport (7,081,555) (7,060,255) (8,097,051) Economic services (821,977) (830,120) (771,331) Other property and services 28 1,442					
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(Loss) on disposal of assets19(4,670)(88,563)(94,903)(Loss) on revaluation of furniture and equipment6(b)00(24,579)(Loss) on revaluation of Infrastructure - Bridges7(b)(90,983)00Net result3,625,1423,450,109(2,385,638)Other comprehensive incomeItems that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or lossChanges on revaluation of non-current assets111,873,0640(14,218)Total other comprehensive income1,873,0640(14,218)	Profit on disposal of assets	19			-
(Loss) on revaluation of Infrastructure - Bridges7(b)(90,983)00Net result3,625,1423,450,109(2,385,638)Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets111,873,0640(14,218)Total other comprehensive income111,873,0640(14,218)	•	19	(4,670)	(88,563)	(94,903)
Net result3,625,1423,450,109(2,385,638)Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets111,873,0640(14,218)Total other comprehensive income1,873,0640(14,218)0(14,218)	(Loss) on revaluation of furniture and equipment	6(b)	0	0	(24,579)
Other comprehensive income Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss Changes on revaluation of non-current assets111,873,0640(14,218)Total other comprehensive income1,873,0640(14,218)	(Loss) on revaluation of Infrastructure - Bridges	7(b)	(90,983)	0	0
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or lossChanges on revaluation of non-current assets111,873,0640(14,218)Total other comprehensive income1,873,0640(14,218)	Net result			3,450,109	(2,385,638)
Total comprehensive income <u>5,498,206</u> <u>3,450,109</u> (2,399,856)	Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to pr Changes on revaluation of non-current assets		1,873,064	0 0	
	Total comprehensive income		5,498,206	3,450,109	(2,399,856)

SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 30TH JUNE 2017

	NOTE	2017 \$	2016 \$
CURRENT ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	10,648,447	4,510,486
Trade and other receivables	4	77,972	3,132,342
Inventories	5	153,781	153,985
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS		10,880,200	7,796,813
NON-CURRENT ASSETS			
Other receivables	4	1,795	1,795
Property, plant and equipment	6	10,115,906	10,115,740
Infrastructure	7	72,313,464	70,999,204
TOTAL NON-CURRENT ASSETS		82,431,165	81,116,739
TOTAL ASSETS		93,311,365	88,913,552
CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	8	360,159	1,484,138
Provisions	9	118,147	111,432
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES		478,306	1,595,570
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Provisions	9	43,645	26,774
TOTAL NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES	·	43,645	26,774
TOTAL LIABILITIES		521,951	1,622,344
NET ASSETS		92,789,414	87,291,208
EQUITY			07 400 745
Retained surplus	40	27,637,306	27,480,745
Reserves - cash backed	10	5,549,696	2,081,115
Revaluation surplus	11	59,602,412	57,729,348
TOTAL EQUITY		92,789,414	87,291,208

SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

	NOTE	RETAINED SURPLUS \$	RESERVES CASH BACKED \$	REVALUATION SURPLUS \$	TOTAL EQUITY \$
Balance as at 1 July 2015		27,566,566	4,380,932	57,743,566	89,691,064
Comprehensive income Net result		(2,385,638)	0	0	(2,385,638)
Changes on revaluation of assets	11	0	0	(14,218)	(14,218)
Total comprehensive income		(2,385,638)	0	(14,218)	(2,399,856)
Transfers from/(to) reserves		2,299,817	(2,299,817)	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2016		27,480,745	2,081,115	57,729,348	87,291,208
Comprehensive income Net result		3,625,142	0	0	3,625,142
Changes on revaluation of assets	11	0	0	1,873,064	1,873,064
Total comprehensive income		3,625,142	0	1,873,064	5,498,206
Transfers from/(to) reserves		(3,468,581)	3,468,581	0	0
Balance as at 30 June 2017		27,637,306	5,549,696	59,602,412	92,789,414

SHIRE OF MURCHISON STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

	NOTE	2017 Actual	2017 Budget	2016 Actual
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		\$	\$	\$
Receipts				
Rates		383,505	378,146	375,838
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		12,769,557	10,316,720	2,985,061
Fees and charges		254,610	233,166	221,016
Interest earnings		91,668	63,158	173,855
Goods and services tax		431,116	0	403,241
Other revenue	_	238,816	10,050	126,624
		14,169,272	11,001,240	4,285,635
Payments				
Employee costs		(1,042,937)	(1,209,399)	(1,008,899)
Materials and contracts		(5,406,928)	(4,714,312)	(4,282,557)
Utility charges		(1,713)	0	0
Insurance expenses		(165,338)	(178,104)	(171,171)
Goods and services tax		0	0	(696,926)
Other expenditure	-	(142,707)	(131,929)	(122,558)
	-	(6,759,623)	(6,233,744)	(6,282,111)
Net cash provided by (used in)	-			
operating activities	12(b)	7,409,649	4,767,496	(1,996,476)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Payments for purchase of				
property, plant & equipment		(316,481)	(1,294,522)	(768,607)
Payments for construction of		(310,401)	(1,294,322)	(700,007)
infrastructure		(2,414,559)	(4,540,649)	(5,534,927)
Non-operating grants,		(2,414,000)	(4,540,043)	(3,334,327)
subsidies and contributions		1,442,989	1,100,259	1,472,999
Proceeds from sale of fixed assets		16,363	105,863	133,636
Net cash provided by (used in)		10,000	100,000	100,000
investment activities	-	(1,271,688)	(4,629,049)	(4,696,899)
		(1,211,000)	(1,020,010)	(1,000,000)
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		6,137,961	138,447	(6,693,375)
Cash at beginning of year		4,510,486	4,510,485	11,203,861
Cash and cash equivalents	_			
at the end of the year	12(a)	10,648,447	4,648,932	4,510,486

SHIRE OF MURCHISON RATE SETTING STATEMENT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

	NOTE	2017 Actual \$	2017 Budget \$	2016 Actual \$
Net current assets at start of financial year - surplus/(def	icit)	4,180,997	1,572,752	7,104,899
	- 7	4,180,997	1,572,752	7,104,899
Revenue from operating activities (excluding rates)		40,400	0.040	40 500
Governance General purpose funding		19,439	8,940 2 521 017	13,500
Law, order, public safety		5,365,509 16,414	3,531,917 7,700	1,855,976 10,746
Housing		3,825	4,290	3,345
Community amenities		0,020	0	255
Recreation and culture		1,817	1,000	3,140
Transport		4,856,869	7,147,043	3,454,470
Economic services		313,053	217,992	234,170
Other property and services		155,052	89,552	109,743
For an diama from an anting a stinition		10,731,978	11,008,434	5,685,345
Expenditure from operating activities		(504.072)	(510.062)	(204 462)
Governance General purpose funding		(504,972) (29,082)	(519,962) (31,205)	(394,462) (28,883)
Law, order, public safety		(91,384)	(85,801)	(85,007)
Health		(18,121)	(24,370)	(23,710)
Housing		(5,420)	(4,290)	(11,110)
Community amenities		(43,649)	(89,503)	(69,063)
Recreation and culture		(318,638)	(286,611)	(276,693)
Transport		(7,082,589)	(7,146,663)	(8,179,170)
Economic services		(821,977)	(830,120)	(771,331)
Other property and services		74,066	(20,785)	(52,126)
		(8,841,766)	(9,039,310)	(9,891,555)
Operating activities excluded from budget	10	0	(500)	0
(Profit) on disposal of assets	19 19	0 4,670	(500)	0 94,903
Loss on disposal of assets Movement in employee benefit provisions (non-current)	19	16,871	88,563 0	2,006
Depreciation and amortisation on assets	2(a)	3,177,662	3,186,203	3,210,329
Amount attributable to operating activities	2(4)	9,270,412	6,816,142	6,205,927
INVESTING ACTIVITIES		-, -,	-,,	-, -,-
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions		1,442,989	1,100,259	1,472,999
Proceeds from disposal of assets	19	16,363	105,863	133,636
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	6(b)	(316,481)	(1,294,522)	(768,607)
Purchase and construction of infrastructure	7(b)	(2,414,559)	(4,540,649)	(5,534,927)
Amount attributable to investing activities		(1,271,688)	(4,629,049)	(4,696,899)
FINANCING ACTIVITIES				
Transfers to reserves (restricted assets)	10	(6,418,581)	(3,649,628)	(3,654,416)
Transfers from reserves (restricted assets)	10	2,950,000	1,081,809	5,954,233
Amount attributable to financing activities		(3,468,581)	(2,567,819)	2,299,817
Surplus(deficiency) before general rates		4,530,143	(380,726)	3,808,845
Total amount raised from general rates	21	382,924	380,726	372,152
Net current assets at June 30 c/fwd - surplus/(deficit)	22	4,913,067	0	4,180,997

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial report comprises general purpose financial statements which have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards (as they apply to local governments and not-for-profit entities), Australian Accounting Interpretations, other authoritative pronouncements of the Australian Accounting Standards Board, the Local Government Act 1995 and accompanying regulations. Material accounting policies which have been adopted in the preparation of this financial report are presented below and have been consistently applied unless stated otherwise.

Except for cash flow and rate setting information, the report has been prepared on the accrual basis and is based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and liabilities.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of a financial report in conformity with Australian Accounting Standards requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that effect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses.

The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances; the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

THE LOCAL GOVERNMENT REPORTING ENTITY

All Funds through which the Shire controls resources to carry on its functions have been included in the financial statements forming part of this financial report.

In the process of reporting on the local government as a single unit, all transactions and balances between those Funds (for example, loans and transfers between Funds) have been eliminated.

All monies held in the Trust Fund are excluded from the financial statements. A separate statement of those monies appears at Note 18 to these financial statements.

(a) Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Taxation Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables are stated inclusive of GST receivable or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating cash flows.

(b) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, cash at bank, deposits available on demand with banks and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value and bank overdrafts.

Bank overdrafts are reported as short term borrowings in current liabilities in the statement of financial position.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(c) Trade and Other Receivables

Trade and other receivables include amounts due from ratepayers for unpaid rates and service charges and other amounts due from third parties for goods sold and services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Collectability of trade and other receivables is reviewed on an ongoing basis. Debts that are known to be uncollectible are written off when identified. An allowance for doubtful debts is raised when there is objective evidence that they will not be collectible.

(d) Inventories

General

Inventories are measured at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Land held for sale

Land held for development and sale is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost includes the cost of acquisition, development, borrowing costs and holding costs until completion of development. Finance costs and holding charges incurred after development is completed are expensed.

Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss at the time of signing an unconditional contract of sale if significant risks and rewards, and effective control over the land, are passed on to the buyer at this point.

Land held for sale is classified as current except where it is held as non-current based on the Council's intentions to release for sale.

(e) Fixed Assets

Each class of fixed assets within either property, plant and equipment or infrastructure, is carried at cost or fair value as indicated less, where applicable, any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Mandatory requirement to revalue non-current assets

Effective from 1 July 2012, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations were amended and the measurement of non-current assets at Fair Value became mandatory.

During the year ended 30 June 2013, the Shire commenced the process of adopting Fair Value in accordance with the Regulations.

Whilst the amendments initially allowed for a phasing in of fair value in relation to fixed assets over three years, as at 30 June 2015 all non-current assets were carried at Fair Value in accordance with the the requirements.

Thereafter, each asset class must be revalued in accordance with the regulatory framework established and the Shire revalues its asset classes in accordance with this mandatory timetable.

Relevant disclosures, in accordance with the requirements of Australian Accounting Standards, have been made in the financial report as necessary.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Land under control

In accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(ii), the Shire was required to include as an asset (by 30 June 2013), Crown Land operated by the local government as a golf course, showground, racecourse or other sporting or recreational facility of State or Regional significance.

Upon initial recognition, these assets were recorded at cost in accordance with AASB 116. They were then classified as Land and revalued along with other land in accordance with the other policies detailed in this Note.

Initial recognition and measurement between mandatory revaluation dates

All assets are initially recognised at cost and subsequently revalued in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

In relation to this initial measurement, cost is determined as the fair value of the assets given as consideration plus costs incidental to the acquisition. For assets acquired at no cost or for nominal consideration, cost is determined as fair value at the date of acquisition. The cost of non-current assets constructed by the Shire includes the cost of all materials used in construction, direct labour on the project and an appropriate proportion of variable and fixed overheads.

Individual assets acquired between initial recognition and the next revaluation of the asset class in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above, are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation as management believes this approximates fair value. They will be subject to subsequent revaluation at the next anniversary date in accordance with the mandatory measurement framework detailed above.

Revaluation

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of assets are credited to a revaluation surplus in equity. Decreases that offset previous increases of the same asset are recognised against revaluation surplus directly in equity. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Land under roads

In Western Australia, all land under roads is Crown Land, the responsibility for managing which, is vested in the local government.

Effective as at 1 July 2008, Council elected not to recognise any value for land under roads acquired on or before 30 June 2008. This accords with the treatment available in Australian Accounting Standard AASB 1051 Land Under Roads and the fact Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

In respect of land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008, as detailed above, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 16(a)(i) prohibits local governments from recognising such land as an asset.

Whilst such treatment is inconsistent with the requirements of AASB 1051, Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 4(2) provides, in the event of such an inconsistency, the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations prevail.

Consequently, any land under roads acquired on or after 1 July 2008 is not included as an asset of the Shire.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(e) Fixed Assets (Continued)

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings but excluding freehold land, are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the individual asset's useful life from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful life of the improvements.

When an item of property, plant and equipment is revalued, any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is treated in one of the following ways:

a) Restated proportionately with the change in the gross carrying amount of the asset so that the carrying amount of the asset after revaluation equals its revalued amount; or

b) Eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

Major depreciation periods used for each class of depreciable asset are:

Buildings Furniture and equipment Plant and equipment Sealed roads and streets	20 years 5 to 20 years 5 to 10 years
formation	not depreciated
pavement	50 years
Seal	
- bituminous seals	20 years
- asphalt surfaces	25 years
Gravel roads	
formation	not depreciated
- construction / road base	50 years
- gravel sheet	8 years
Formed roads (unsealed)	
- formation	not depreciated
- construction / road base	50 years
Water supply piping and drainage systems	75 years

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains and losses are included in the statement of comprehensive income in the period in which they arise.

Capitalisation threshold

Expenditure on items of equipment under \$2,000 is not capitalised. Rather it is recorded on an asset inventory listing.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities

When performing a revaluation, the Shire uses a mix of both independent and management valuations using the following as a guide:

Fair Value is the price that the Shire would receive to sell the asset or would have to pay to transfer a liability, in an orderly (i.e. unforced) transaction between independent, knowledgeable and willing market participants at the measurement date.

As fair value is a market-based measure, the closest equivalent observable market pricing information is used to determine fair value. Adjustments to market values may be made having regard to the characteristics of the specific asset or liability. The fair values of assets that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data.

To the extent possible, market information is extracted from either the principal market for the asset or liability (i.e. the market with the greatest volume and level of activity for the asset or liability) or, in the absence of such a market, the most advantageous market available to the entity at the end of the reporting period (i.e. the market that maximises the receipts from the sale of the asset after taking into account transaction costs and transport costs).

For non-financial assets, the fair value measurement also takes into account a market participant's ability to use the asset in its highest and best use or to sell it to another market participant that would use the asset in its highest and best use.

Fair value hierarchy

AASB 13 requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of the fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurement into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the measurement can be categorised into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

Valuation techniques

The Shire selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the Shire are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

Market approach

Valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(f) Fair Value of Assets and Liabilities (Continued)

Income approach

Valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.

Cost approach

Valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the Shire gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

As detailed above, the mandatory measurement framework imposed by the Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations requires, as a minimum, all assets carried at a revalued amount to be revalued in accordance with the regulatory framework.

(g) Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the Shire becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the Shire commits itself to either the purchase or sale of the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs, except where the instrument is classified 'at fair value through profit or loss', in which case transaction costs are expensed to profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or at cost.

Amortised cost is calculated as:

- (a) the amount in which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition;
- (b) less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment; and
- (c) plus or minus the cumulative amortisation of the difference, if any, between the amount initially recognised and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest rate method.

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense in profit or loss.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Classification and subsequent measurement (continued)

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying amount being included in profit or loss. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Loans and receivables are included in current assets where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets with fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments that the Shire has the positive intention and ability to hold to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

Held-to-maturity investments are included in current assets, where they are expected to mature within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other investments are classified as non-current.

(iv) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are either not suitable to be classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature, or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in such fair value (i.e. gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income (except for impairment losses). When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available-for-sale financial assets are included in current assets, where they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as non-current.

(v) Financial liabilities

Non-derivative financial liabilities (excluding financial guarantees) are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(g) Financial Instruments (Continued)

Impairment

A financial asset is deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events (a "loss event") having occurred, which will have an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of available-for-sale financial assets, a significant or prolonged decline in the market value of the instrument is considered a loss event. Impairment losses are recognised in profit or loss immediately. Also, any cumulative decline in fair value previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified to profit or loss at this point.

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include: indications that the debtors or a group of debtors are experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments; indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation; and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the written-off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance account.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expire or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the Shire no longer has any significant continual involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset.

Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying amount of the financial liability extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of the consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

(h) Impairment of Assets

In accordance with Australian Accounting Standards the Shire's assets, other than inventories, are assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any indication they may be impaired.

Where such an indication exists, an impairment test is carried out on the asset by comparing the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, to the asset's carrying amount.

Any excess of the asset's carrying amount over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless the asset is carried at a revalued amount in accordance with another Standard (e.g. AASB 116) whereby any impairment loss of a revalued asset is treated as a revaluation decrease in accordance with that other Standard.

For non-cash generating assets such as roads, drains, public buildings and the like, value in use is represented by the depreciated replacement cost of the asset.

(i) Trade and Other Payables

Trade and other payables represent liabilities for goods and services provided to the Shire prior to the end of the financial year that are unpaid and arise when the Shire becomes obliged to make future payments in respect of the purchase of these goods and services. The amounts are unsecured, are recognised as a current liability and are normally paid within 30 days of recognition.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(j) Employee Benefits

Short-term employee benefits

Provision is made for the Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

The Shire's obligations for short-term employee benefits such as wages, salaries and sick leave are recognised as a part of current trade and other payables in the statement of financial position. The Shire's obligations for employees' annual leave and long service leave entitlements are recognised as provisions in the statement of financial position.

Other long-term employee benefits

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Any remeasurements for changes in assumptions of obligations for other long-term employee benefits are recognised in profit or loss in the periods in which the changes occur.

The Shire's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the Shire does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

(k) Borrowing Costs

Borrowing costs are recognised as an expense when incurred except where they are directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset. Where this is the case, they are capitalised as part of the cost of the particular asset until such time as the asset is substantially ready for its intended use or sale.

(I) Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Shire has a present legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured.

Provisions are measured using the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

(m) Leases

Leases of fixed assets where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not legal ownership, are transferred to the Shire, are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised recording an asset and a liability at the lower amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses in the periods in which they are incurred.

Lease incentives under operating leases are recognised as a liability and amortised on a straight line basis over the life of the lease term.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(n) Investment in Associates

An associate is an entity over which the Shire has significant influence. Significant influence is the power to participate in the financial operating policy decisions of that entity but is not control or joint control of those policies. Investments in associates are accounted for in the financial statements by applying the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at cost and adjusted thereafter for the post-acquisition change in the Shire's share of net assets of the associate. In addition, the Shire's share of the profit or loss of the associate is included in the Shire's profit or loss.

The carrying amount of the investment includes, where applicable, goodwill relating to the associate. Any discount on acquisition, whereby the Shire's share of the net fair value of the associate exceeds the cost of investment, is recognised in profit or loss in the period in which the investment is acquired.

Profits and losses resulting from transactions between the Shire and the associate are eliminated to the extent of the Shire's interest in the associate.

When the Shire's share of losses in an associate equals or exceeds its interest in the associate, the Shire discontinues recognising its share of further losses unless it has incurred legal or constructive obligations or made payments on behalf of the associate. When the associate subsequently makes profits, the Shire will resume recognising its share of those profits once its share of the profits equals the share of the losses not recognised.

(o) Interests in Joint Arrangements

Joint arrangements represent the contractual sharing of control between parties in a business venture where unanimous decisions about relevant activities are required.

Separate joint venture entities providing joint venturers with an interest to net assets are classified as a joint venture and accounted for using the equity method. Refer to note 1(n) for a description of the equity method of accounting.

Joint venture operations represent arrangements whereby joint operators maintain direct interests in each asset and exposure to each liability of the arrangement. The Shire's interests in the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of joint operations are included in the respective line items of the financial statements. Information about the joint ventures is set out in Note 15.

(p) Rates, Grants, Donations and Other Contributions

Rates, grants, donations and other contributions are recognised as revenues when the local government obtains control over the assets comprising the contributions.

Control over assets acquired from rates is obtained at the commencement of the rating period or, where earlier, upon receipt of the rates.

Where contributions recognised as revenues during the reporting period were obtained on the condition that they be expended in a particular manner or used over a particular period, and those conditions were undischarged as at the reporting date, the nature of and amounts pertaining to those undischarged conditions are disclosed in Note 2(c). That note also discloses the amount of contributions recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period which were obtained in respect of the local government's operations for the current reporting period.

Control over non-operating grants arises where the Shire can benefit from funds transferred to it and deny or regulate the access of others to these benefits. Therefore, control arises when the Shire can use funds granted or transferred to purchase goods and services or retain those funds for future purposes.

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(q) Superannuation

The Shire contributes to a number of Superannuation Funds on behalf of employees. All funds to which the Shire contributes are defined contribution plans.

(r) Current and Non-Current Classification

In the determination of whether an asset or liability is current or non-current, consideration is given to the time when each asset or liability is expected to be settled. The asset or liability is classified as current if it is expected to be settled within the next 12 months, being the Shire's operational cycle. In the case of liabilities where the Shire does not have the unconditional right to defer settlement beyond 12 months, such as vested long service leave, the liability is classified as current even if not expected to be settled within the next 12 months. Inventories held for trading are classified as current even if not expected to be realised in the next 12 months except for land held for sale where it is held as non-current based on the Shire's intentions to release for sale.

(s) Rounding Off Figures

All figures shown in this annual financial report, other than a rate in the dollar, are rounded to the nearest dollar.

(t) Comparative Figures

Where required, comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When the Shire applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statement, an additional (third) statement of financial position as at the beginning of the preceding period in addition to the minimum comparative financial statements is presented.

(u) Budget Comparative Figures

Unless otherwise stated, the budget comparative figures shown in this annual financial report relate to the original budget estimate for the relevant item of disclosure.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods

The AASB has issued a number of new and amended Accounting Standards and Interpretations that have mandatory application dates for future reporting periods, some of which are relevant to the Shire.

Management's assessment of the new and amended pronouncements that are relevant to the Shire, applicable to future reporting periods and which have not yet been adopted are set out as follows:

	Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable (1)	Impact
(i)	AASB 9 Financial Instruments (incorporating AASB 2014-7 and AASB 2014-8)	December 2014	1 January 2018	Nil – The objective of this Standard is to improve and simplify the approach for classification and measurement of financial assets compared with the requirements of AASB 139. Given the nature of the financial assets of the Shire, it is not anticipated the Standard will have any material effect.
(ii)	AASB 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers	December 2014	1 January 2019	This Standard establishes principles for entities to apply to report useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from a contract with a customer.
				The effect of this Standard will depend upon the nature of future transactions the Shire has with those third parties it has dealings with. It may or may not be significant.
(iii)	AASB 16 Leases	February 2016	1 January 2019	Under AASB 16 there is no longer a distinction between finance and operating leases. Lessees will now bring to account a right-to-use asset and lease liability onto their statement of financial position for all leases. Effectively this means the vast majority of operating leases as defined by the current AASB 117 Leases which currently do not impact the statement of financial position will be required to be capitalised on the statement of financial position once AASB 16 is adopted.
	Notes: (1) Applicable to reporting periods commencing on o	r after the given date.		Currently, operating lease payments are expensed as incurred. This will cease and will be replaced by both depreciation and interest charges. Based on the current number of operating leases held by the Shire, the impact is not expected to be significant.

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

(v) New Accounting Standards and Interpretations for Application in Future Periods (Continued)

	Title	Issued / Compiled	Applicable (1)	Impact
(iv)	AASB 1058 Income of Not-for-Profit Entities (incorporating AASB 2016-7 and AASB 2016-8)	December 2016	1 January 2019	 These standards are likely to have a significant impact on the income recognition for NFP's. Key areas for consideration are: Assets received below fair value; Transfers received to acquire or construct non-financial assets; Grants received; Prepaid rates; Leases entered into at below market rates; and Volunteer services.
				Whilst it is not possible to quantify the financial impact (or if it is material) of these key areas until the details of future transactions

Notes:

(1) Applicable to reporting periods commencing on or after the given date.

(w) Adoption of New and Revised Accounting Standards

During the current year, the Shire adopted all of the new and revised Australian Accounting Standards and Interpretations which were compiled, became mandatory and which were applicable to its operations.

Whilst many reflected consequential changes associate with the amendment of existing standards, the only new standard with material application is as follows:

 AASB 2015-6 Amendments to Australian Accounting Standards - Extending Related Party Disclosures to Not-for-Profit Public Sector Entities

[AASB 10, 124 & 1049]

The objective of this Standard was to extend the scope of AASB 124 Related Party Disclosures to include not-for-profit sector entities.

are known, they will all have application to the Shire's operations.

The Standard has had a significant disclosure impact on the financial report of the Shire as both Elected Members and Senior Management are deemed to be Key Management Personnel and resultant disclosures in accordance to AASB 124 have been necessary.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES		2017 \$	2016 \$
(a) Net Result			
The Net result includes:			
(i) Charging as an expense:			
Auditors remuneration			
 Audit of the Annual Financial Report 		21,269	17,633
- Other services		7,048	3,565
Depreciation			
Non-specialised Buildings and Improvements		331,764	380,885
Furniture and equipment		11,558	14,855
Plant and equipment		463,278	586,231
Infrastructure - Roads		2,330,667	2,211,818
Infrastructure - Bridges		40,395	16,540
		3,177,662	3,210,329
(ii) Crediting as revenue:			
Significant revenue			
WA Local Government Grants Commission		1,783,645	0
made an early payment of half the 2017-18 grar	nt.		
This amount was recognised as revenue in			
2016-17.			
Other revenue			
Reimbursements and recoveries		210,006	112,514
Other		28,810	14,110
		238,816	126,624
	2017	2017	2016
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Interest earnings			
- Reserve funds	55,265	47,658	98,233
- Other funds	35,951	15,000	74,455
Other interest revenue (refer note 26)	452	500	1,167
	91,668	63,158	173,855

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Statement of Objective

In order to discharge its responsibilities to the community, the Shire has developed a set of operational and financial objectives. These objectives have been established both on an overall basis, reflected by the Shire's Community Vision, and for each of its broad activities/programs.

COMMUNITY VISION

The Shire will endeavour to provide the community services and facilities to meet the needs of the members of the community and enable them to enjoy a pleasant and healthy way of life.

Shire operations as disclosed in these financial statements encompass the following service orientated activities/programs.

GOVERNANCE

Objective:

To provide a decision making process for the efficient allocation of scarce resources.

Activities:

Administration and operation of facilities and services to members of council. Other costs that relate to the task of assisting elected members and electors on matters which do not concern specific council services.

GENERAL PURPOSE FUNDING

Objective:

To collect revenue to allow for the provision of services.

Activities:

Rates, general purpose government grants and interest revenue.

LAW, ORDER, PUBLIC SAFETY

Objective:

To provide services to help ensure a safer and environmentally conscious community.

Activities:

Supervision of various by-laws, fire prevention and animal control.

HEALTH

Objective:

To provide an operational framework for environmental and community health.

Activities:

Monitor health control standards within the community, provide support and assistance with airstrips to enable all residents access to the Royal Flying Doctor for regular and emergency health services. Analytical services.

EDUCATION AND WELFARE

Objective:

To provide services to disadvantaged persons, the elderly, children and youth.

Activities:

Support of education facilities within the Shire and of any external resources necessary to assist with education programmes for all residents.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(b) Statement of Objective (Continued)

HOUSING

Objective: To provide and maintain staff housing. **Activities:** Provision and maintenance of staff housing.

COMMUNITY AMENITIES

Objective:

To provide services required by the community.

Activities:

Maintain a refuse site for the settlement.

RECREATION AND CULTURE

Objective:

To establish and effectively manage infrastructure and resource which will help the social well being of the community.

Activities:

Provide a library and museum and operation thereof. Maintain recreation centre, sports field, parks, gardens and other recreational facilities.

TRANSPORT

Objective:

To provide safe, effective and efficient transport services to the community.

Activities:

Construction and maintenance of roads, drainage works and traffic signs. Maintenance of settlement airstrip.

ECONOMIC SERVICES

Objective:

To help promote the shire and its economic wellbeing.

Activities:

Building control, provision of power and water supplies. Supply and maintenance of television re-broadcasting installation. Provision of radio communication. Maintenance of caravan park. Vermin control and area promotion.

OTHER PROPERTY AND SERVICES

Objective:

To monitor and control Shire's overheads operating accounts.

Activities:

Private works operation, plant repair and operation costs.

2. REVENUE AND EXPENSES (Continued)

(c) Conditions Over Grants/Contributions

Grant/Contribution	Opening Balance ⁽¹⁾ 1/07/15 \$	Received ⁽²⁾ 2015/16 \$	Expended ⁽³⁾ 2015/16 \$	Closing Balance ⁽¹⁾ 30/06/16 \$	Received ⁽²⁾ 2016/17 \$	Expended ⁽³⁾ 2016/17 \$	Closing Balance 30/06/17 \$
Law, order, public safety							
DFES -Operating grant	0	8,546	(8,546)	0	0	0	0
Community amenities							
Department of Planning	40,926	0	(25,626)	15,300	0	0	15,300
R4R 12-13 Reinstate Laundry and Accommodation Units Recreation and culture	113,616	0	(113,616)	0	0	0	0
R4R 12-13 - Individual Reinstated	4,848	0	(4,848)	0	0	0	0
Regional Grants Scheme - Stabling	42,300	0	(42,300)	0	0	0	0
Transport	,						
MWIP - Ballinyoo Bridge	3,400,000	0	(1,855,731)	1,544,269	31,596	(89,459)	1,486,406 *
CSIRP - Road Construction	309,365	0	(15,681)	293,684	2,092	0	295,776
CLGF R4R 11-12 Regional	771,874	0	(771,874)	0	0	0	0
Roads to Recovery 14-15	181,523	0	(181,523)	0	0	0	0
R2R - Bridge	0	500,000	(500,000)	0	0	0	0
Regional Development - Bridge	0	100,000	0	100,000	0	0	100,000
MRWA - Specific Project	0	124,800	(124,800)	0	0	0	0
WANDRRA	0	630,392	(630,392)	0	0	0	0
MRWA - RRG	0	170,200	(170,200)	0	0	0	0
Roads to Recovery - 15-16	0	800,999	(800,999)	0	0	0	0
Total	4,864,452	2,334,937	(5,246,136)	1,953,253	33,688	(89,459)	1,897,482

Notes:

(1) - Grants/contributions recognised as revenue in a previous reporting period which were not expended at the close of the previous reporting period.

(2) - New grants/contributions which were recognised as revenues during the reporting period and which had not yet been fully expended in the manner specified by the contributor.

(3) - Grants/contributions which had been recognised as revenues in a previous reporting period or received in the current reporting period and which were expended in the current reporting period in the manner specified by the contributor.

* At 30 June 2017 the Shire had committed this funding for use in accordance with the funding agreement.

	Note	2017 \$	2016 \$
3. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		Φ	Ψ
Unrestricted		3,201,269	476,118
Restricted		7,447,178	4,034,368
		10,648,447	4,510,486
The following restrictions have been imposed by			
regulations or other externally imposed requirements:			
Leave Reserve	10	121,337	60,869
Plant Reserve	10	791,372	785,711
Building Reserve	10	134,399	133,437
Transaction Centre Reserve	10	6,296	6,250
Ballinyoo Bridge Reserve	10	45,870	15,016
Beringarra - Cue Road Reserve	10	41,550	752,513
Beringarra - Cue Road Reserve Term Deposit	10	3,743,186	36,319
Flood Damage Reserve	10	198,202	124,861
CSIRO Beringarra Pindar Reserve	10	167,336	166,139
Murchison Settlement Buildings and Facilities Reserv	10	300,148	0
Unspent grants	2(c)	1,897,482	1,953,253
		7,447,178	4,034,368
4. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES			
Current			
Rates outstanding		4,666	5,247
Sundry debtors		33,283	2,655,956
GST receivable		40,023	471,139
		77,972	3,132,342
Non-current			
Rates outstanding - pensioners		1,795	1,795
		1,795	1,795
5. INVENTORIES			
Current			
Fuel and materials		144,893	152,096
History books		8,888	1,889
		153,781	153,985

	2017 \$	2016 \$
6 (a). PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT		
Non-specialised Buildings and Improvements at:		
- Independent valuation 2013 - level 2	0	6,720,131
- Independent valuation 2013 - level 3	0	34,528
- Independent valuation 2017 - level 3	7,107,032	0
- Additions after valuation - cost	0	983,781
- Less: accumulated depreciation	0	(886,583)
	7,107,032	6,851,857
Furniture and equipment at:		
 Independent valuation 2016 - level 2 	22,500	22,500
- Management valuation 2016 - level 3	85,719	85,719
- Additions after valuation - cost	8,941	0
- Less: accumulated depreciation	(11,558)	0
	105,602	108,219
Plant and equipment at:		
- Independent valuation 2016 - level 2	3,028,877	3,049,980
- Management valuation 2016 - level 2	99,149	99,149
- Additions after valuation - cost	231,920	0
- Less: accumulated depreciation	(463,209)	0
	2,896,737	3,149,129
Work in progess at:		
- At Cost	6,535	6,535
	6,535	6,535
	10,115,906	10,115,740

The fair value of property, plant and equipment is determined at least every three years in accordance with the regulatory framework. Additions since the date of valuation are shown as cost, given they were acquired at arms length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and where appropriate the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2) which requires property, plant and equipment to be shown at fair value.

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Balance at the Beginning of the Year \$	Additions \$	(Disposals) \$	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements) Transferred to Revaluation \$	Revaluation (Losses)/ Reversals Through to Profit or Loss \$	Impairment (Losses)/ Reversals \$	Depreciation (Expense) \$	Transfers \$	Carrying Amount at the End of Year \$
Non-specialised Buildings and Improvements	6,851,857	75,621	0	511,318	0	0	(331,764)	0	7,107,032
Total buildings	6,851,857	75,621	0	511,318	0	0	(331,764)	0	7,107,032
Total land and buildings	6,851,857	75,621	0	511,318	0	0	(331,764)	0	7,107,032
Furniture and equipment	108,219	8,940	0	0	0	0	(11,558)	0	105,602
Plant and equipment	3,149,129	231,920	(21,034)	0	0		(463,278)	0	2,896,737
Work in progess	6,535	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6,535
Total property, plant and equipment	10,115,740	316,481	(21,034)	511,318	0	0	(806,600)	0	10,115,906

6. PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT (Continued)

(c) Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of valuation	Date of last Valuation	Inputs used
Land and buildings					
Non-specialised Buildings and Improvements	3	Improvements to land valued using cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Independent valuer	June 2017	Improvements to land using residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Furniture and equipment					
- Independent valuation 2016	2	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar assets	Independent valuer	June 2016	Market price per item
- Management valuation 2016	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2016	Purchase costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Plant and equipment					
- Independent valuation 2016	2/3	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar assets	Independent valuer	June 2016	Market price per item
- Management valuation 2016	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2016	Purchase costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used by the local government to determine the fair value of property, plant and equipment using either level 2 or level 3 inputs.

	2017 \$	2016 \$
7 (a). INFRASTRUCTURE		
Infrastructure - Roads		
- Management valuation 2015 - level 3	0	77,176,815
- Management valuation 2017 - level 3	68,339,000	0
- Additions after valuation - cost	0	2,348,131
- Less: accumulated depreciation	0	(12,540,942)
	68,339,000	66,984,004
Infrastructure - Bridges		
- Management valuation 2017 - level 3	3,974,464	0
- Cost	0	4,031,740
- Less: accumulated depreciation	0	(16,540)
	3,974,464	4,015,200
	72,313,464	70,999,204

The fair value of infrastructure is determined at least every three years in accordance with the regulatory framework. Additions since the date of valuation are shown as cost. Given they were acquired at arms length and any accumulated depreciation reflects the usage of service potential, it is considered the recorded written down value approximates fair value. At the end of each intervening period the valuation is reviewed and, where appropriate, the fair value is updated to reflect current market conditions. This process is considered to be in accordance with Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 17A (2) which requires infrastructure to be shown at fair value.

7. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(b) Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts of each class of infrastructure between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Balance as at the Beginning of the Year	Additions	(Disposals)	Revaluation Increments/ (Decrements) Transferred to Revaluation	Revaluation (Loss)/ Reversal Transferred to Profit or Loss	Impairment (Losses)/ Reversals	Depreciation (Expense)	Transfers	Carrying Amount at the End of the Year
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Infrastructure - Roads	66,984,004	2,323,917	0	1,361,746	0	0	(2,330,667)	0	68,339,000
Infrastructure - Bridges	4,015,200	90,642	0	0	(90,983)	0	(40,395)	0	3,974,464
Total infrastructure	70,999,204	2,414,559	0	1,361,746	(90,983)	0	(2,371,062)	0	72,313,464

7. INFRASTRUCTURE (Continued)

(c) Fair Value Measurements

Asset Class	Fair Value Hierarchy	Valuation Technique	Basis of valuation	Date of last Valuation	Inputs used
Infrastructure - Roads	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2017	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs
Infrastructure - Bridges	3	Cost approach using depreciated replacement cost	Management valuation	June 2017	Construction costs and current condition (Level 2), residual values and remaining useful life assessments (Level 3) inputs

Level 3 inputs are based on assumptions with regards to future values and patterns of consumption utilising current information. If the basis of these assumptions were varied, they have the potential to result in a significantly higher or lower fair value measurement.

During the period there were no changes in the valuation techniques used to determine the fair value of infrastructure using level 3 inputs.

2017	2016
\$	\$

8. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

Current		
Sundry creditors	179,907	1,411,853
Accrued salaries and wages	11,076	7,637
ATO liabilities	29,968	29,246
Accrued expenses	139,208	12,855
Superannuation liability	0	22,547
	360,159	1,484,138

9. PROVISIONS

	Provision for Annual Leave \$	Provision for Long Service Leave \$	Total \$
Opening balance at 1 July 2016	·	·	·
Current provisions	77,978	33,454	111,432
Non-current provisions	0	26,774	26,774
	77,978	60,228	138,206
Additional provision	906	22,680	23,586
Balance at 30 June 2017	78,884	82,908	161,792
Comprises			
Current	78,884	39,263	118,147
Non-current	0	43,645	43,645
	78,884	82,908	161,792
Non-current provisions Additional provision Balance at 30 June 2017 Comprises Current	0 77,978 906 78,884 78,884 0	26,774 60,228 22,680 82,908 39,263 43,645	26,774 138,206 23,586 161,792 118,147 43,645

10 RESERVES - CASH BACKED

	Actual 2017 Opening Balance \$	Actual 2017 Transfer to \$	Actual 2017 Transfer (from) \$	Actual 2017 Closing Balance \$	Budget 2017 Opening Balance \$	Budget 2017 Transfer to \$	Budget 2017 Transfer (from) \$	Budget 2017 Closing Balance \$	Actual 2016 Opening Balance \$	Actual 2016 Transfer to \$	Actual 2016 Transfer (from) \$	Actual 2016 Closing Balance \$
Leave Reserve	60,869	60,468	0	121,337	60,868	1,394	0	62,262	60,070	799	0	60,869
Plant Reserve	785,711	5,661	0	791,372	785,711	611,622	(681,809)	715,524	515,931	691,280	(421,500)	785,711
Building Reserve	133,437	962	0	134,399	133,437	3,056	0	136,493	131,686	1,751	0	133,437
Transaction Centre Reserve	6,250	46	0	6,296	6,250	144	0	6,394	6,169	81	0	6,250
Ballinyoo Bridge Reserve	15,016	30,854	0	45,870	15,017	31,074	0	46,091	14,819	197	0	15,016
Beringarra - Cue Road Reserve Term Deposit	752,513	2,990,673	0	3,743,186	788,832	2,970,535	(300,000)	3,459,367	3,268,337	64,439	(2,580,263)	752,513
Beringarra - Cue Road Reserve	36,319	2,955,231	(2,950,000)	41,550	0	0	0	0	383,920	2,604,869	(2,952,470)	36,319
Flood Damage Reserve	124,861	73,341	0	198,202	124,861	27,998	0	152,859	0	124,861	0	124,861
CSIRO Beringarra Pindar Reserve Murchison Settlement Buildings and Facilities	166,139	1,197	0	167,336	166,137	3,805	(100,000)	69,942	0	166,139	0	166,139
Reserve	0	300,148	0	300,148	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2,081,115	6,418,581	(2,950,000)	5,549,696	2,081,113	3,649,628	(1,081,809)	4,648,932	4,380,932	3,654,416	(5,954,233)	2,081,115

All of the reserve accounts are supported by money held in financial institutions and match the amount shown as restricted cash in Note 3 to this financial report.

10 RESERVES - CASH BACKED

In accordance with council resolutions in relation to each reserve account, the purpose for which the reserves are set aside and their anticipated date of use are as follows:

	Anticipated	
Name of Reserve	date of use	Purpose of the reserve
Leave Reserve	N/A	- to be used to fund annual and long service leave requirements
Plant Reserve	N/A	- to be used for the purchase of major plant.
Building Reserve	N/A	- to be used for the construction and maintenance of buildings.
Transaction Centre Reserve	30.6.2017	- to be used for the development of the Central Business District.
Ballinyoo Bridge Reserve	30.6.2017	- to be used for the replacement of bridge 837.
Beringarra - Cue Road Reserve Term Deposit	30.6.2020	- to be used for the maintenance and repair of Beringarra - Cue Road. Contribution at the end of the Crosslands Road Train Permit to assist with the eventual conversion of the road back to gravel. Council approved the temporary transfer of up to \$3 million from this reserve to fund flood damage works. The funds are to be repaid to the reserve as cash flows allow.
Beringarra - Cue Road Reserve	30.6.2020	- to be used as additional maintenance works on the road due to CSIRO traffic
Flood Damage Reserve	N/A	 to be used towards the "trigger"point for WANDRRA funded flood damage works.
CSIRO Beringarra Pindar Reserve	30.6.2020	- to be used as additional maintenance works on the road due to CSIRO traffic
Murchison Settlement Buildings and Facilities Reserve	30.9.2019	- To be used for the future development of buildings and facilities and all associated work including feasibility studies.

11. REVALUATION SURPLUS

				2017					2016	
	2017	2017	2017	Total	2017	2016	2016	2016	Total	2016
	Opening	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing	Opening	Revaluation	Revaluation	Movement on	Closing
	Balance	Increment	(Decrement)	Revaluation	Balance	Balance	Increment	(Decrement)	Revaluation	Balance
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Buildings and Improvements	4,885,708	511,318	0	511,318	5,397,026	4,885,708	0	0	0	4,885,708
Plant and Equipment	1,355,447	0	0	0	1,355,447	1,369,665	0	(14,218)	(14,218)	1,355,447
Infrastructure - Roads	51,488,193	1,361,746	0	1,361,746	52,849,939	51,488,193	0	0	0	51,488,193
	57,729,348	1,873,064	0	1,873,064	59,602,412	57,743,566	0	(14,218)	(14,218)	57,729,348

Movements on revaluation of fixed assets are not able to be reliably attributed to a program as the assets were revalued by class as provided for by AASB 116 Aus 40.1.

12. NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(a) Reconciliation of Cash

For the purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, cash includes cash and cash equivalents, net of outstanding bank overdrafts. Cash at the end of the reporting period is reconciled to the related items in the Statement of Financial Position as follows:

		2017 \$	2017 Budget \$	2016 \$
	Cash and cash equivalents	10,648,447	4,648,932	4,510,486
(b)	Reconciliation of Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities to Net Result			
	Net result	3,625,142	3,450,109	(2,385,638)
	Non-cash flows in Net result:			
	Depreciation	3,177,662	3,186,203	3,210,329
	(Profit)/Loss on sale of asset	4,670	88,063	94,903
	Loss on revaluation of fixed assets	90,983	0	24,579
	Changes in assets and liabilities:			
	(Increase)/Decrease in receivables	3,054,370	(387,420)	(2,468,788)
	(Increase)/Decrease in inventories	204	(1,200)	(17,654)
	Increase/(Decrease) in payables	(1,123,979)	(468,000)	1,033,310
	Increase/(Decrease) in provisions	23,586		(14,518)
	Grants contributions for			
	the development of assets	(1,442,989)	(1,100,259)	(1,472,999)
	Net cash from operating activities	7,409,649	4,767,496	(1,996,476)
		2017		2016
(c)	Undrawn Borrowing Facilities	\$		\$
	Credit Standby Arrangements			
	Bank overdraft limit	100,000		100,000
	Bank overdraft at balance date	0		0
	Credit card limit	5,000		5,000
	Credit card balance at balance date	(1,025)		(428)
	Total amount of credit unused	103,975		104,572

13. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Shire did not have any contingent liabilities at the reporting date.

14. CAPITAL AND LEASING COMMITMENTS

(a) Operating Lease Commitments

The Shire did not have any future operating lease commitments at the reporting date.

(b) Capital Expenditure Commitments

The Shire did not have any future capital expenditure commitments at the reporting date.

15. JOINT VENTURE ARRANGEMENTS

The Shire of Murchison has participated in a joint venture with the Department of Housing for the construction of eight units in the Murchison settlement. The provision of the housing aims to provide accommodation for Shire employees. The Shire of Murchison has a 15.69% interest in one unit and 0% in the remaining seven units. All revenue and expenses of the joint venture are recognised in the relevant financial statements of council.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Non-current assets		
Buildings	59,797	54,131
Less: accumulated depreciation	0	(6,496)
	59,797	47,635

16. TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY

	2017 \$	2016 \$
0	704.000	4 04 4 05 0
Governance	781,082	1,814,256
General purpose funding	5,105,212	8,323
Law, order, public safety	206,620	264,160
Health	26,794	12,240
Housing	666,206	491,388
Community amenities	56,429	50,286
Recreation and culture	1,732,714	1,399,715
Transport	81,886,690	82,406,510
Economic services	2,511,641	2,219,994
Other property and services	335,617	246,680
Unallocated	2,360	0
	93,311,365	88,913,552

	2017	2016	2015
17. FINANCIAL RATIOS			
Current ratio	9.53	2.45	5.33
Asset sustainability ratio	0.83	0.14	0.09
Debt service cover ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A
Operating surplus ratio	2.32	(4.39)	1.41
Own source revenue coverage ratio	0.11	0.09	0.17
The above ratios are calculated as follows:			
Current ratio	current a	ssets minus restrict	ted assets
	current liabi	lities minus liabilitie	s associated
	v	vith restricted asset	ts
Asset sustainability ratio	capital renew	val and replacemer	nt expenditure
	d	epreciation expens	es
Debt service cover ratio	annual operating s	urplus before intere	est and depreciation
-	Ę	principal and interes	st
Operating surplus ratio	operating rev	venue minus operat	ting expenses
		source operating re	
Own source revenue coverage ratio	own s	source operating re	venue
č		operating expenses	
Notes:			

Information relating to the asset consumption ratio and the asset renewal funding ratio can be found at Supplementary Ratio Information on Page 56 of this document.

Three of the 2017 ratios disclosed above were distorted by the early receipt of half of the allocation of the 2017-18 Financial Assistance Grant in June 2017.

The early payment of the grant increased operating revenue in 2017 by \$1,783,645.

	2017	2016	2015	
Current ratio	14.48	2.38	5.33	
Debt service cover ratio	N/A	N/A	N/A	
Operating surplus ratio	2.32	(4.39)	3.62	

18. TRUST FUNDS

Funds held at balance date over which the Shire has no control and which are not included in the financial statements are as follows:

	1 July 2016 \$	Amounts Received \$	Amounts Paid (\$)	30 June 2017 \$
Housing bonds	37,350	1,930	(32,430)	6,850
Licencing Collection	0	4,387	(3,515)	872
Crosslands Murchison Community Fund	380,370	9,075	(50)	389,395
Nomination Deposit	0	160	(160)	0
Social Club	4,796	3,146	(2,268)	5,674
	422,516		-	402,791

19. DISPOSALS OF ASSETS - 2016/17 FINANCIAL YEAR

The following assets were disposed of during the year.

	Actual Net Book Value	Actual Sale Proceeds	Actual Profit	Actual Loss	Budget Net Book Value	Budget Sale Proceeds	Budget Profit	Budget Loss
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Plant and Equipment								
Governance Toyota RAV4 DSL 5DR #87	21,033	16,363	0	(4,670)	18,518	16,363	0	(2,155)
Transport	21,033	10,303	0	(4,070)	10,510	10,303	0	(2,155)
Cat Grader 12H #164	0	0	0	0	140,312	70,000	0	(70,312)
Caravan Construction #32	0	0	0	0	2,409	2,000	0	(409)
Generator - Workshop #213	0	0	0	0	1,560	1,000	0	(560)
Howard Portal Fuel Trailer #14	0	0	0	0	2,992	2,500	0	(492)
Howard Portal Fuel Trailer #247	0	0	0	0	6,657	2,500	0	(4,157)
Isuzu Tray Top #51	0	0	0	0	16,023	10,000	0	(6,023)
Kubota 9KVA Generator #173	0	0	0	0	5,455	1,000	0	(4,455)
Greenfield Ride- on #224	0	0	0	0	0	500	500	0
	21,033	16,363	0	(4,670)	193,926	105,863	500	(88,563)

20. INFORMATION ON BORROWINGS

- (a) Repayments DebenturesThe Shire does not have any borrowings.
- (b) New Debentures 2016/17

The Shire did not take up any new debentures during the year ended 30 June 2017.

(c) Unspent Debentures

The Shire did not have any unspent debentures as at 30 June 2017.

(d) Overdraft

The Shire did not have any overdraft facilities during the year and as at 30 June 2017.

21. RATING INFORMATION - 2016/17 FINANCIAL YEAR

	Rate in \$	Number of Properties	Rateable Value	Rate Revenue	Interim Rates	Back Rates	Total Revenue	Budget Rate Revenue	Budget Interim Rate	Budget Back Rate	Budget Total Revenue
RATE TYPE			\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
General rate											
Unimproved value valuations											
Pastoral	0.0270	23	1,458,105	39,369	0	0	39,369	39,369	0	0	39,369
Mining	0.2895	9	1,097,899	317,842	119	(132)	317,829	317,841	0	0	317,841
Exploration/Prospecting	0.0976	17	213,769	18,877	4,596		23,473	20,864	0	0	20,864
Sub-Total		49	2,769,773	376,088	4,715	(132)	380,671	378,074	0	0	378,074
	Minimum										
Minimum payment	\$										
Unimproved value valuations											
Pastoral	264	4	11,763	1,056	0	0	1,056	1,056	0	0	1,056
Exploration/Prospecting	399	4	4,774	1,197	0	0	1,197	1,596	0	0	1,596
Sub-Total		8	16,537	2,253	0	0	2,253	2,652	0	0	2,652
		57	2,786,310	378,341	4,715	(132)	382,924	380,726	0	0	380,726
Total amount raised from general rate							382,924				380,726

22. NET CURRENT ASSETS

Composition of net current assets

	2017	2017	2016
	(30 June 2017 Carried Forward) \$	(1 July 2016 Brought Forward) \$	(30 June 2016 Carried Forward) \$
Surplus/(Deficit) 1 July 16 brought forward	4,913,067	4,180,997	4,180,997
CURRENT ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents			
Unrestricted	3,201,269	476,118	476,118
Restricted	7,447,178	4,034,368	4,034,368
Receivables	4 000	5.0.17	5047
Rates outstanding	4,666	5,247	5,247
Sundry debtors	33,283	2,655,956	2,655,956
GST receivable	40,023	471,139	471,139
Inventories	450 704	450.005	450.005
Fuel and materials	153,781	153,985	153,985
LESS: CURRENT LIABILITIES			
Trade and other payables	(470.007)	(4 444 050)	(4 444 050)
Sundry creditors	(179,907)	(1,411,853)	(1,411,853)
Accrued salaries and wages	(11,076)	(7,637)	(7,637)
ATO liabilities	(29,968)	(29,246)	(29,246)
Accrued expenses	(139,208)	(12,855)	(12,855)
Superannuation liability	0	(22,547)	(22,547)
Provisions		(77.070)	(77.070)
Provision for annual leave	(78,884)	(77,978)	(77,978)
Provision for long service leave	(39,263)	(33,454)	(33,454)
Unadjusted net current assets	10,401,894	6,201,243	6,201,243
Adjustments	<i>(</i>		
Less: Reserves - restricted cash	(5,549,696)	(2,081,115)	(2,081,115)
Add: Cash backed leave reserve	60,869	60,869	60,869
Adjusted net current assets - surplus/(deficit)	4,913,067	4,180,997	4,180,997

Difference

There was no difference between the surplus/(deficit) 30 June 2017 brought forward position used in the 2017 audited financial report and the surplus/(deficit) carried forward position as disclosed in the 2016 audited financial report.

23. SPECIFIED AREA RATE - 2016/17 FINANCIAL YEAR

The Shire did not impose any specified area rates.

24. SERVICE CHARGES - 2016/17 FINANCIAL YEAR

The Shire did not impose any service charges.

25. DISCOUNTS, INCENTIVES, CONCESSIONS, & WRITE-OFFS - 2016/17 FINANCIAL YEAR

No discount of rates or early payment incentive scheme was offered.

26. INTEREST CHARGES AND INSTALMENTS - 2016/17 FINANCIAL YEAR

Instalment Options	Date Due	Instalment Plan Admin Charge \$	Instalment Plan Interest Rate %	Unpaid Rates Interest Rate %
Option One				
Single full payment Option Two	06-Oct-16			8.00%
First Instalment	06-Oct-16			8.00%
Second Instalment	08-Dec-16	15		8.00%
Option Three				
First Instalment	06-Oct-16			8.00%
Second Instalment	08-Dec-16	15		8.00%
Third Instalment	28-Feb-17	15		8.00%
Fourth Instalment	06-Apr-17	15		8.00%
			Revenue \$	Budgeted Revenue \$
Interest on unpaid rates			452	500

Interest on unpaid rates Interest on instalment plan Charges on instalment plan

Revenue \$		Budgeted Revenue \$
	ə 452	ə 500
	0	0
	240	1,000
	692	1,500
1		

2017 \$	2016 \$
8,718	1,718
0	720
0	255
1,817	2,516
232,295	215,472
11,780	335
254,610	221,016
	\$ 8,718 0 0 1,817 232,295 11,780

There were no changes during the year to the amount of the fees or charges detailed in the original budget.

28. GRANT REVENUE

Grants, subsidies and contributions are included as operating revenues in the Statement of Comprehensive Income:

	2017	2016
By Nature or Type:	\$	\$
Operating grants, subsidies and contributions		
General purpose funding	5,273,601	1,681,931
Law, order, public safety	16,414	10,026
Housing	0	75
Recreation and culture	0	519
Transport	4,856,869	3,454,151
Economic services	0	17,148
	10,146,884	5,163,850
Non-operating grants, subsidies and contributions		
Recreation and culture	4,700	0
Transport	1,438,289	1,472,999
	1,442,989	1,472,999
	11,589,873	6,636,849

29. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS	2017 \$		2016 \$
The number of full-time equivalent			
employees at balance date	12	_	11
30. ELECTED MEMBERS REMUNERATION	2017 \$	2017 Budget \$	2016 \$
The following fees, expenses and allowances were			
paid to council members and/or the president.			
Meeting fees	59,067	45,074	47,035
President's allowance	5,220	7,000	6,875
Deputy President's allowance	1,306	1,750	1,718
Travelling expenses	36,463	35,000	32,549
Telecommunications allowance	8,133	7,000	7,270
President's meeting fees	13,703	13,119	0
	123,892	108,943	95,447

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

Key Management Personnel (KMP) Compensation Disclosure

	2017
	\$
The total of remuneration paid to KMP of the Shire during the year are as follows:	
	055 400
Short-term employee benefits	355,122
Post-employment benefits	47,133
Other long-term benefits	22,253
Termination benefits	137,145
	561,653

Short-term employee benefits

These amounts include all salary, paid leave, fringe benefits and cash bonuses awarded to KMP except for details in respect to fees and benefits paid to elected members may be found at Note 30.

Post-employment benefits

These amounts are the current-year's estimated cost of providing for the Shire's superannuation contributions made during the year.

Other long-term benefits

These amounts represent long service benefits accruing during the year.

Termination benefits

These amounts represent termination benefits paid to KMP (Note: may or may not be applicable in any given year).

31. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS (Continued)

Related Parties

The Shire's main related parties are as follows:

i. Key management personnel

Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the entity, directly or indirectly, including any elected member, are considered key management personnel.

- *ii.* Entities subject to significant influence by the Shire An entity that has the power to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of an entity, but does not have control over those policies, is an entity which holds significant influence. Significant influence may be gained by share ownership, statute or agreement.
- iii. Joint venture entities accounted for under the equity method
 The Shire has a 15.69% interest in one unit and 0% interest on seven other units with the
 Department of Housing. For details of interest held in Joint venture entities, refer to Note 15.

Transactions with related parties

Transactions between related parties are on normal commercial terms and conditions no more favourable than those available to other parties unless otherwise stated. The following transactions occurred with related parties:

2017 \$

352,231

Associated companies/individuals:

Purchase of goods and services

Note: Transitional provisions contained within AASB 2015-6 do not require comparative related party disclosures to be presented in the period of initial application. As a consequence, only disclosures in relation to the current year have been presented.

32. MAJOR LAND TRANSACTIONS

The Shire did not participate in any major land transactions during the 2016/2017 financial year.

33. TRADING UNDERTAKINGS AND MAJOR TRADING UNDERTAKINGS

The Shire did not participate in any trading undertakings or major trading undertakings during the 2016/2017 financial year.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT

The Shire's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks including price risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The Shire's overall risk management focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the financial performance of the Shire.

The Shire does not engage in transactions expressed in foreign currencies and is therefore not subject to foreign currency risk.

Financial risk management is carried out by the finance area under policies approved by the Council.

The Shire held the following financial instruments at balance date:

	Carrying Value		Fair Va	lue
	2017 2016		2017	2016
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	10,648,447	4,510,486	10,648,447	4,510,486
Receivables	79,767	3,134,137	79,767	3,134,137
	10,728,214	7,644,623	10,728,214	7,644,623
Financial liabilities				
Payables	360,159	1,484,138	360,159	1,484,138
	360,159	1,484,138	360,159	1,484,138

Fair value is determined as follows:

• Cash and cash equivalents, receivables, payables - estimated to the carrying value which approximates net market value.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(a) Cash and Cash Equivalents

Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss

The Shire's objective is to maximise its return on cash and investments whilst maintaining an adequate level of liquidity and preserving capital. The finance area manages the cash and investments portfolio with the assistance of independent advisers (where applicable). Council has an investment policy and the policy is subject to review by Council. An Investment Report is provided to Council on a monthly basis setting out the make-up and performance of the portfolio.

The major risk associated with investments is price risk - the risk that the capital value of investments may fluctuate due to changes in market prices, whether these changes are caused by factors specific to individual financial instruments of their issuers or factors affecting similar instruments traded in a market.

Cash and investments are also subject to interest rate risk - the risk that movements in interest rates could affect returns.

Another risk associated with cash is credit risk – the risk that a contracting entity will not complete its obligations under a financial instrument resulting in a financial loss to the Shire.

The Shire manages these risks by diversifying its portfolio and only investing ininvestments authorised by *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulation 19C*. Council also seeks advice from independent advisers (where considered necessary) before placing any cash and investments.

	2017	2016
	\$	\$
Impact of a 1% $^{(1)}$ movement in interest rates on cash		
- Equity	106,484	45,105
- Statement of Comprehensive Income	106,484	45,105

Notes:

Sensitivity percentages based on management's expectation of future possible market movements.

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(b) Receivables

The Shire's major receivables comprise rates and annual charges and user charges and fees. The major risk associated with these receivables is credit risk – the risk that the debts may not be repaid. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring outstanding debt and employing debt recovery policies. It also encourages ratepayers to pay rates by the due date through incentives.

Credit risk on rates and annual charges is minimised by the ability of the Shire to recover these debts as a secured charge over the land – that is, the land can be sold to recover the debt. The Shire is also able to charge interest on overdue rates and annual charges at higher than market rates, which further encourages payment.

The level of outstanding receivables is reported to Council monthly and benchmarks are set and monitored for acceptable collection performance.

The Shire makes suitable provision for doubtful receivables as required and carries out credit checks on most non-rate debtors.

There are no material receivables that have been subject to a re-negotiation of repayment terms.

The profile of the Shire's credit risk at balance date was:

	2017	2016
Percentage of rates and annual charges		
- Current - Overdue	0.00% 100.00%	0.00% 100.00%
Percentage of other receivables		
- Current - Overdue	100.00% 0.00%	100.00% 0.00%

34. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT (Continued)

(c) Payables

Borrowings

Payables and borrowings are both subject to liquidity risk – that is the risk that insufficient funds may be on hand to meet payment obligations as and when they fall due. The Shire manages this risk by monitoring its cash flow requirements and liquidity levels and maintaining an adequate cash buffer. Payment terms can be extended and overdraft facilities drawn upon if required.

The contractual undiscounted cash flows of the Shire's Payables and Borrowings are set out in the Liquidity Sensitivity Table below:

<u>2017</u>	Due within 1 year \$	Due between 1 & 5 years \$	Due after 5 years \$	Total contractual cash flows \$	Carrying values \$
Payables	360,159 360,159	0	0	360,159 360,159	360,159 360,159
<u>2016</u>					
Payables	1,484,138 1,484,138	0	0	1,484,138 1,484,138	1,484,138 1,484,138

35. PRIOR PERIOD CORRECTIONS

The following adjustments have been made to comparative amounts in the 30 June 2017 Financial Report to bring into account financial activities that were incorrectly stated in 2015/16. Details of this activity is listed below:-

The Shire entered into a joint venture agreement with the Department of Housing in 2002. The staff housing relating to this joint venture were revalued in 2013 and the full revaluation amount was included in the Shires asset register and in the financial statements.

The removal of the value of staff housing belonging to the Department of Housing, has resulted in an overall reduction in the building asset class of \$1,545,950.

	Financial Reports 2016 \$	Corrected Comparative 2016 \$	Adjustment \$
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION			
Property, plant and equipment	10,953,905	10,115,740	(838,165)
Revaluation surplus	58,567,513	57,729,348	(838,165)
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY			
Revaluation surplus:- Changes on revaluation on non-c	urrent assets		
Balance at 30 June 2015	58,581,731	57,743,566	(838,165)
NOTE 6 (a) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT Land and Buildings			
Independent valuation 2013 - level 2	7,721,000	6,720,131	(1,000,869)
Less: accumulated depreciation	(1,049,287)	(886,583)	162,704
NOTE 6 (b) Movements in Carrying Amounts Balance at the beginning of the year - Non specialised Buildings and improvements	7,690,022	6,851,857	(838,165)
NOTE 11 Revaluation surplus Buildings and improvements	5,723,873	4,885,708	(838,165)
NOTE 16 TOTAL ASSETS CLASSIFIED BY FUNCTION Housing	DN AND ACTIVI 1,329,553	TY 491,388	(838,165)



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE RATEPAYERS OF

SHIRE OF MURCHISON

Opinion

We have audited the financial report of Shire of Murchison, which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2017, the statements of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and the Chief Executive Officer's statement.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial report:

- a) The accompanying financial report:
 - (i) Presents fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Shire of Murchison as at 30 June 2017, and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended;
 - (ii) Complies with Australian Accounting Standards (including the Australian Accounting Interpretations); and
 - (iii) Is prepared in accordance with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1995* Part 6 and the Regulations under that Act.
- b) The Supplementary Ratio Information included in the financial report is supported by verifiable information and reasonable assumptions.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Report* section of our report. We are independent of the Shire of Murchison in accordance with the ethical requirements of the Accounting Professional and Ethical Standards Board's APES 110 *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants* (the Code) that are relevant to our audit of the financial report in Australia. We have also fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

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RSM Australia Pty Ltd ACN 009 321 377 atf Birdanco Practice Trust ABN 65 319 382 479 trading as RSM $\,$



Responsibilities of the Chief Executive Officer for the financial report

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial report in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards, and for such internal control as the Chief Executive Officer determines is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial report, the Chief Executive Officer is responsible for assessing the Shire of Murchison's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting.

The Chief Executive Officer is responsible for overseeing the Shire of Murchison's financial reporting process.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial report

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial report as a whole is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with the Australian Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of this financial report.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial report is located at the Auditing and Assurance Standards Board website at: <u>http://www.auasb.gov.au/auditors_responsibilities/ar4.pdf</u>. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Report on statutory compliance

We did not, during the course of our audit, become aware of any instances where Shire of Murchison did not comply with the requirements of the *Local Government Act 1995* and the *Local Government (Financial Management) Regulations 1996* as they apply to the financial report.

RSM

RSM AUSTRALIA PTY LTD

Ani Wall

D J WALL Director

Perth, WA Dated: 5 December 2017

SHIRE OF MURCHISON SUPPLEMENTARY RATIO INFORMATION FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30TH JUNE 2017

RATIO INFORMATION

The following information relates to those ratios which only require attestation they have been checked and are supported by verifiable information. It does not form part of the audited financial report

	2017	2016	2015
Asset consumption ratio	0.99	0.86	0.89
Asset renewal funding ratio	0.37	0.39	0.42

The above ratios are calculated as follows:

Asset consumption ratio

depreciated replacement costs of assets current replacement cost of depreciable assets

Asset renewal funding ratio

NPV of planning capital renewal over 10 years

NPV of required capital expenditure over 10 years